



SOUVENIR  
WISCONSIN SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF  
DELAVAL WIS.

1852

1902



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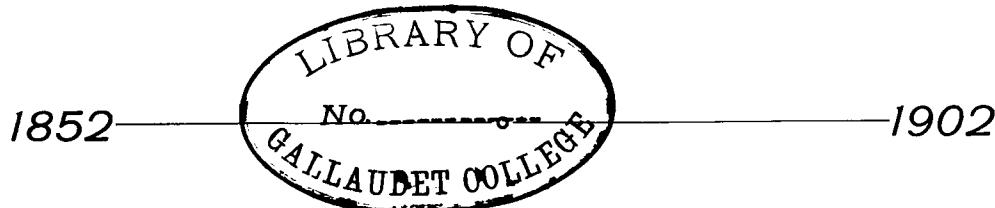
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Warren Robison





# SOUVENIR

OF THE

## WISCONSIN SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

PREPARED BY

PROFESSOR WARREN ROBINSON, M. A.,

ASSISTED BY

SUPERVISOR J. E. WACHUTE.

DELAVAN, WISCONSIN.

NOVEMBER, 1900.  
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## *PREFACE.*

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THE idea of this Souvenir originated in the following manner: After the last Reunion in 1898, Mr. Joseph E. Wachute, who is Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Wisconsin Association of the Deaf, and one of whose duties, in that capacity, it is to prepare a program for the next Reunion, proposed that I write a history of the School for that occasion. Resolutions had been passed at the meeting looking toward the commemoration of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the establishment of the School at the next meeting of the Association in 1901. I suggested that a SOUVENIR would be better. The suggestion was accepted, and with material I had been collecting for years, and with Mr. Wachute's valuable assistance in many ways, this little volume is the outcome, although I had not begun the composition of the work until after the opening of school this fall. Besides illustrations and sketches, or brief notices of persons prominent in the early history of the School, portraits and sketches are also given of the principals and superintendents, the resident officers, the instructors of the Industrial department, of teachers whose term of service has been fifteen years, or over—reckoning up to 1902—and also of the college graduates.

For a list of members of Boards of Trustees, Boards of Control, principals, and superintendents, matrons, teachers, and other officers, the year of their appointment and terms of service, see end of volume.

*WARREN ROBINSON.*



## *THE WISCONSIN SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.*

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THE first attempt to provide for the education of the deaf in Wisconsin was made by Increase A. Lapham, LL. D. Dr. Lapham was born in Palmyra, N. Y., March, 1811. In 1836 he came to Wisconsin, settling in Milwaukee, then little more than a frontier town.

He became eminent in science, and was the author of some forty-five published works on Botany, Geology, Meteorology, etc., and, to crown all, originated and organized the Weather Bureau of the United States. Dr. Lapham was a man of great benevolence and force of character, and took a keen interest in those of his fellow men from whom nature had withheld some gift. His daughter, in a letter to the writer a number of years ago, stated that early in the forties her father exchanged meteorological observations with a deaf man at Mt. Summit, Wis. He also became much interested in an uneducated deaf boy in Milwaukee, who was more or less a terror to the neighborhood, and whom the Doctor once saved from drowning. Besides these, there was a blind man who often came to his house for assistance.

Under such circumstances, a man of Dr. Lapham's nature would naturally be led to think of how the condition of such people could be bettered, particularly in the matter of education; for he himself had failed to obtain a college education, which had been his one great ambition when a boy. Finally he wrote the following letter to the Hon. Moses M. Strong, then President of the Territorial Council at Madison :



INCREASE A. LAPHAM, LL.D.



REUNION OF WISCONSIN ASSOCIATION, 1895.

\* " MILWAUKEE, WIS., March 15, 1843.

" DEAR SIR : Believing it to be the right of those unfortunate persons who are by nature excluded from our common schools, to participate equally with others in the public funds and donations of land for the support of schools, I hope no apology is necessary for directing to you the inclosed draft of resolutions asking an appropriation of land by Congress for the purpose of establishing, within the territory of Wisconsin, institutions for the instruction of the deaf and dumb, and blind, and an asylum for the insane, and for asking you to bring the same to the attention of the honorable body

Very respectfully,  
I. A. LAPHAM.

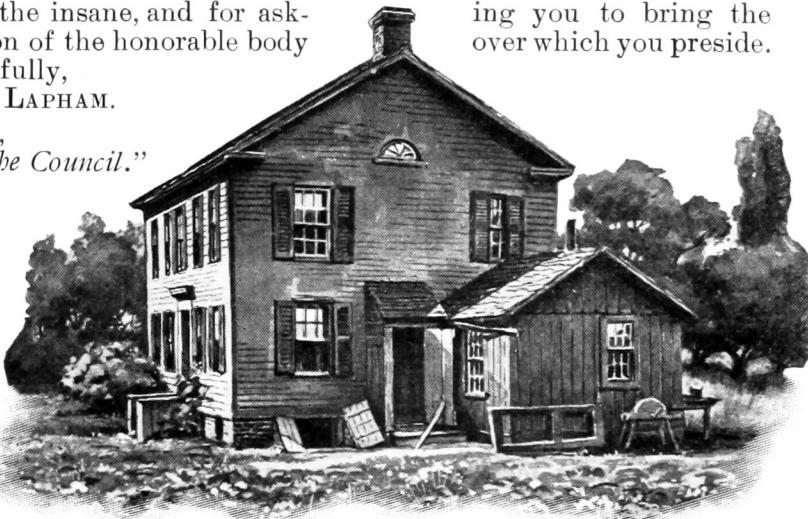
HON. M. M. STRONG,  
*President of the Council.*"

Action was at once taken on the receipt of the "resolutions" by the Council, and Congress was petitioned accordingly, but there is no mention in the journals of that time that anything was done. Thus ended the first recorded attempt to establish a school for the deaf in the territory.

In 1898, Dr. Lapham's family presented to the School a fine medallion portrait of their father.

The next step in this direction, and which was ultimately successful, took place in 1850.

In 1839, Ebenezer Chesebro emigrated from New York to Wisconsin, settling in the town of Darien, on the Janesville road, two miles west of Delavan. In his family there was a deaf girl named Ariadna, who had been a



HOME OF EBENEZER CHESEBRO.

Where the first School was opened in 1850.

EBENEZER CHESEBRO.

\* For a copy of this letter I am indebted to Prof. George L. Collie, Ph. D., Professor of Geology in Beloit College.



GROUP FROM FOX RIVER VALLEY.



ARIADNA P. CHESEBRO.

Ariadna P. Chesebro died in 1858, aged twenty-nine years. On her monument in Spring Grove Cemetery, Delavan, her name is engraved in the letters of the Manual Alphabet, with this inscription: "Daughter of the founder of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum."

pupil for two and one-half years in the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb. At this time, in Magnolia, a village fourteen miles east of Janesville, there was living with her parents a Miss Wealthy Hawes, a graduate of the above Institution, who, discovering the whereabouts of the Chesebro family, paid them a visit in 1849.

In 1850 Miss Hawes was prevailed upon by the Chesebros to become Ariadna's private teacher, so that her education could be continued at home.

Miss Hawes, making her home with the Chesebros, taught Ariadna and James A. Dudley, a neighbor's deaf son, four months.

In 1851, Mr. John A. Mills, also a graduate of the N. Y. Institution, and to whom Miss Hawes was married in 1855, was secured to take her place. These two were the first teachers of the deaf in Wisconsin, and both were afterwards connected with the State School, Mr. Mills as the first teacher and Mrs. Mills as assistant matron, for eight years.

After severing his connection with the School, Mr. Mills engaged in various occupations, finally settling near Lu Verne, Minnesota, where he owned a farm.

While on a visit to his brother, Mr. E. M. Mills, at Elkhorn, Wis., in 1887, he was accidentally killed by the cars.



MRS. J. A. MILLS.



GROUP FROM WISCONSIN VALLEY.

Henry Bortle. Joseph Black. John Kircher. E. Eldridge. J. Chambers. Carrie Jacobson.  
Severine Moreau. Mrs. J. E. Wachute. Mrs. Hamlin. Mrs. J. Chambers.

The services rendered to the infant School by Mr. Mills were valuable in many ways, both as a teacher and in his knowledge of the residence of those for whose benefit the School was designed, and these services were handsomely acknowledged by Principal Bradway in his first report to the Board of Trustees. Mrs. Mills is still living at Lu Verne, Minn.

Four months after Mr. Mills commenced teaching at the Chesebro house, the School, then numbering eight pupils, had to be discontinued for want of funds.

Up to that time it had been a private affair, and the Chesebros then conceived the plan of having the following petition circulated in Darien, and adjacent towns, which was signed by one hundred citizens of Walworth county :  
*"To the honorable the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin :*

"The undersigned, citizens of the State of Wisconsin, respectfully petition your honorable body to pass a law making more ample and just provision for the education of that unfortunate portion of our youth known as 'mutes,' or those who are deaf and dumb either, as your petitioners would suggest. First, by providing for, establishing and maintaining at least one school in the State where all such children between the ages of four and twenty years may be taught free of charge; or second, by appropriating out of the school fund such sum to each child as will enable the parents or guardians of such children to educate them in some proper school taught for that purpose."



J. A. MILLS.

Through the efforts of the Assemblyman from the Delavan district, the matter was ably handled during the session of 1852, and a bill was passed and approved by Governor Leonard J. Farwell, April 19, 1852, incorporating the "Wisconsin Institute for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb," to be located "at or near the village of Delavan," in Walworth county. The act of incorporation included, among other things, a Board of Trustees consisting of Ebenezer Chesebro, William C. Allen, Franklin K. Phoenix, Henderson Hunt, P. W. Lake, Wyman Spooner, Jesse



GOV. LEONARD J. FARWELL, 1852-4.



THE LA CROSSE DEAF MUTE ASSOCIATION.

H. O'Neil.  
Mrs. H. O'Neil.

E. Slattery.  
Miss B. Dahlke.

Henry Appel.  
L. Guttormson.  
Mrs. A. Lawrence.

J. Appel.  
Mrs. L. Guttormson.  
Mrs. W. J. O'Neil.

W. J. O'Neil.  
Mrs. T. Nertzke.

J. Kircher.  
A. Lawrence.  
Miss E. Ringrose.

C. Mills, James A. Maxwell and George Williams, for the general management of the School, with the power to employ a principal, and an appropriation of \$1,000 a year for three years for building purposes ; and \$500 for the support of the School for the ensuing year.

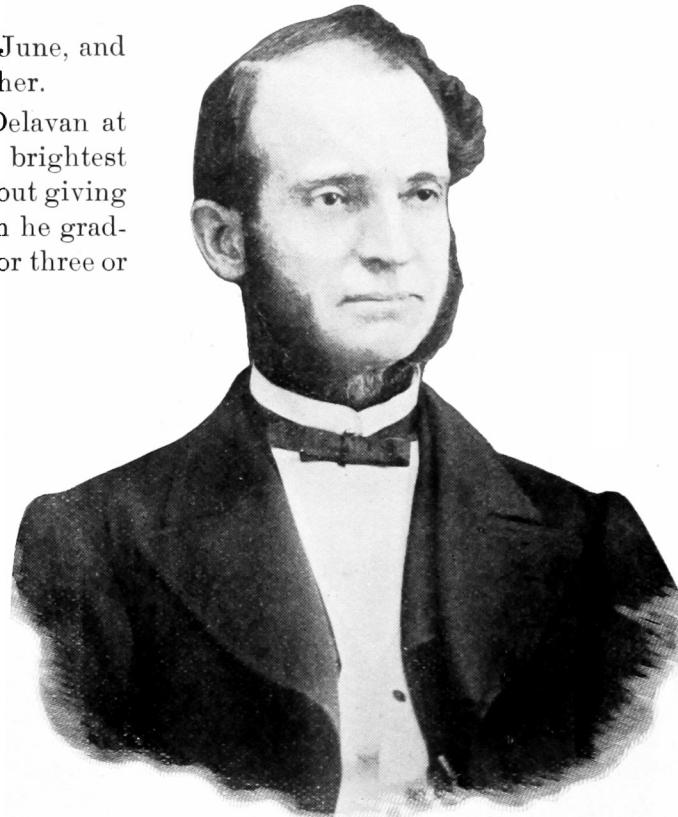
The first meeting of the Board took place in the following June, and J. R. Bradway was appointed principal and J. A. Mills, teacher.

Joseph R. Bradway was born in New York, coming to Delavan at the age of twenty-four. He was then considered one of the brightest young men in the village. For a time he taught a select school, but giving that up, he entered Rush Medical College, Chicago, from which he graduated in 1845, and at once began the practice of his profession. For three or four years he was School Commissioner. In 1852 he was appointed principal for the State School, but resigned in 1853. He then went to California, and is now residing at Oakland. He is 82 years old. In 1897 he visited Delavan, and was entertained at the School, but forty-four years had wrought such changes, both in the School and the village, that he recognized few, if any of the old landmarks.

The site of the School is on a hill just west of town. It comprises thirty-five \* acres, twelve of which were donated by Mr. F. K. Phœnix, the remainder having been subsequently acquired by purchase. The grounds are covered with oak, evergreen, maple, and, in summer, present a lovely appearance.

The grounds have very appropriately been given the name of "Phœnix Green," in honor of the donor. Situated in a locality having pure air and water, where there is ample room for every form of invigorating exercise, it has been pronounced by physicians "one of the most healthful locations in the State."

Mr. Phœnix is still living in Delavan. He is a native of New York State, and was born at Perry in 1825. His father, Samuel Phœnix, was one of the founders of Delavan, coming to what is now Walworth county in 1836.



PRINCIPAL J. R. BRADWAY, M. D.

\*July 19th, 1852.—F. K. Phœnix donated 11 69-100 acres to the Wisconsin School for the Deaf.

June 12th, 1856.—Eliphaaz B. and Mary E. Gates sold 21 23-100 acres to Gov. Coles Bashford for the School for the Deaf for \$2,000.

February 27th, 1874.—Amos and Maria C. Phelps sold to the Wisconsin School for the Deaf 2 6-100 acres for \$950.



GROUP FROM SHEBOYGAN.

August Sonnenberg. John Orlebeke. Wm. Bohling. T. A. Sparks. Fred Weller. John Zarling. John Hoffman.  
Mrs. A. Sonnenberg. Mrs. J. Orlebeke. Mrs. Wm. Bohling. Mrs. F. Weller. Mrs. J. Zarling. Mrs. J. Hoffman.  
Alice Lineau. Oscar Hermann. Isaac La Rose. Martha Hinze.

Mr. Phœnix is a nurseryman of wide reputation, and has for the last twenty years been engaged in that line of business in Delavan. The following notice of him and recognition of his labors in behalf of the School are taken

from the report of the principal of the School for 1854 :

"I have to record the loss the Institution has sustained in the resignation of Mr. F. K. Phœnix, a member of the Board of Trustees, and its former secretary. The resignation of Mr. Phœnix was occasioned by his removal to a sister State. His services to the Institution have been most valuable. He contributed the beautiful site on which it is



FRANKLIN K. PHœNIX.

located. He shared with the other members of the Board in the pioneer labors of this establishment, and he always rendered to the principal his most efficient sympathy and support."

Upon the resignation of Principal Bradway, in 1853, he was succeeded by the Rev. Lucius Foote. Mr. Foote



PRINCIPAL LUCIUS FOOTE.



GROUP FROM RACINE.

Mrs. S. Field. Mr. S. Field. Jos. Drinkwine.  
Mrs. Joseph Drinkwine. Alice Schumacher. Mrs. Claude Johnson.  
Rosa Haas. Lizzie Huhn.

was born in Massachusetts in 1798. Educated for the ministry, he was ordained at Trenton, New Jersey, in 1829. Before coming to Wisconsin in 1847 he had resided in several Eastern States. For seven years he was pastor of the Congregational church in Delavan. In 1863 he went to California, dying there in 1887, in the eighty-ninth year of his age.

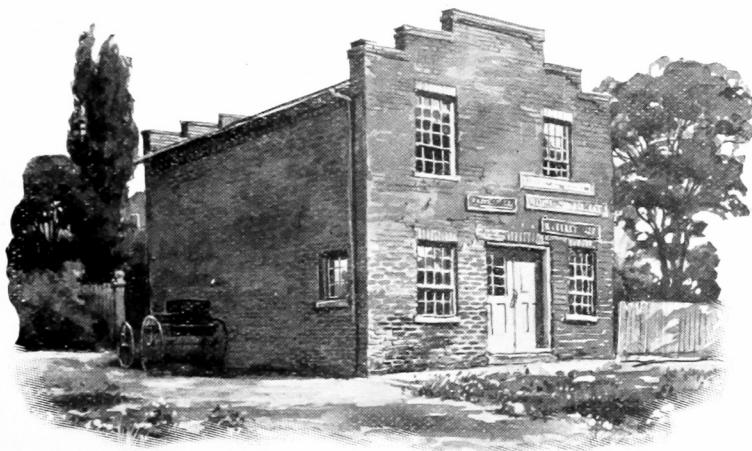
While the first building was being erected the pupils, numbering eight, were removed from the Chesebro residence and were boarded in private families in the village until, increasing to fourteen, a house was rented for their special use, and the upper story of a brick building, since destroyed by fire, with its original sign of "Boots and Shoes," was used as a school-room.

The new building was completed in 1854, and the pupils were moved into it from their quarters in the village. It was a red brick structure,  $33 \times 44$ , two stories, besides basement and attic, and was only a part of a complete set of buildings, consisting of transverse and lateral wings on either side of a main edifice, which was not finished until 1867. (See page 24.)

In the meantime Mr. Foote had dropped his connection with the School, and the Board of Trustees had cast about for a man of experience in the education and management of such an institution. They found him in the person of the Hon. Horatio N. Hubbell, former principal of the Ohio Institution. Though not accepting the offer of principal of the new School, Mr. Hubbell, nevertheless, came to Delavan and spent several

weeks in organizing it, and when he left he promised to aid the Trustees in securing a suitable man for the place.

Horatio Nelson Hubbell was born in Trumbull, Fairfax county, Conn., in 1779. His early education was largely in the direction of missionary and ministerial work, but neither became his fixed vocation. Becoming interested in the then novel work of educating the deaf, he was offered and accepted the principalship of the School just established at Columbus, Ohio, which he opened in 1829. He managed the affairs of the School with distinguished ability until 1851. In 1857 he died, beloved and honored, not only by hosts of the deaf of Ohio, but by all who knew him. True to his word, Mr. Hubbell recommended to the Board Prof. L. H. Jenkins, M. A., a teacher in the Ohio School.



THE BRICK BUILDING.



INCOMING PUPILS FOR 1899.



INCOMING PUPILS FOR 1900,



GROUP OF THE OLDER BOYS.



GROUP OF THE YOUNGER BOYS.



GROUP OF THE OLDER GIRLS.



GROUP OF THE YOUNGER GIRLS.



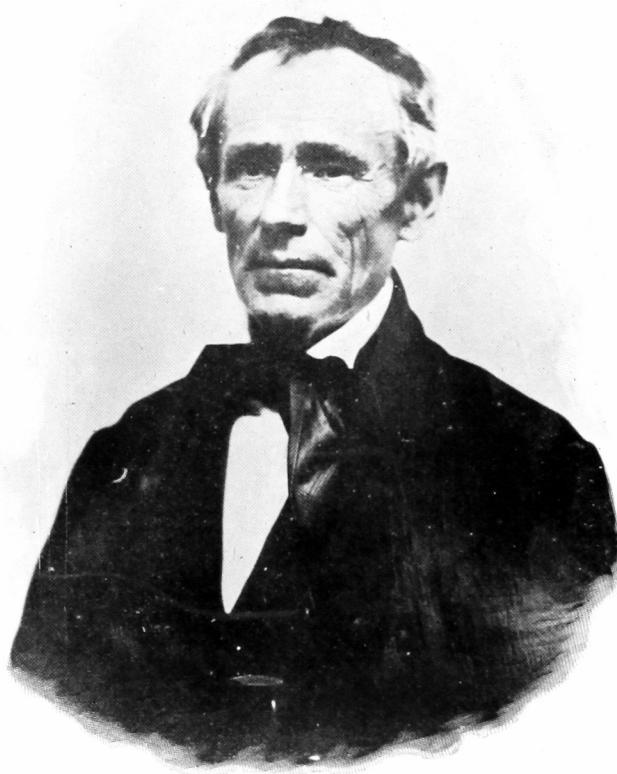
OLD INSTITUTE—DESTROYED BY FIRE SEPT. 16, 1879.

Louis Henry Jenkins was born near Hudson, New York, and graduated from Hamilton College in 1851. He had been an instructor in the Ohio Institution for three years when he received his appointment to this School.

On assuming his new office, Mr. Jenkins at once began to awaken a public interest in the new institution by exhibiting some of the pupils in prominent places in the State, including Madison, where a deep interest was shown in the matter by Governor W. A. Barstow. He also strongly advocated the subject of industrial education. Other things came in for a share of his attention, including the unfinished buildings which, for



PRINCIPAL L. H. JENKINS, M. A.



PRINCIPAL H. N. HUBBELL.

want of lath, plaster and paint, presented a prison-like aspect. On his retirement from the management of the School, Mr. Jenkins taught for some years in the Institution at Jacksonville, Ill., and was afterwards principal of the



ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

Kansas School for nine years. It was through his efforts that bills incorporating both the Kansas and Nebraska Schools were passed by the respective Legislatures of those States. Mr. Jenkins died of a paralytic stroke while pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Marshfield, Wis., at the age of fifty-six.

It was during his administration that Prof. Hiram Phillips entered the profession here, and in which he has continued ever since, teaching here for twenty-five years, and the remaining years at the Kansas and Iowa

Institutions, in the latter of which he is still employed in the Academic department, and is Editor of the *Hawkeye*, the School paper. Mr. Phillips is a graduate of the Ohio School. Referring to Mr. Phillips' proficiency, Mr. Hubbell, who had been principal of the Ohio Institution for twenty-two years, said : "I consider him No. 1, or about that, of all my pupils." In relating his impressions upon first arriving in Wisconsin, Mr. Phillips writes :

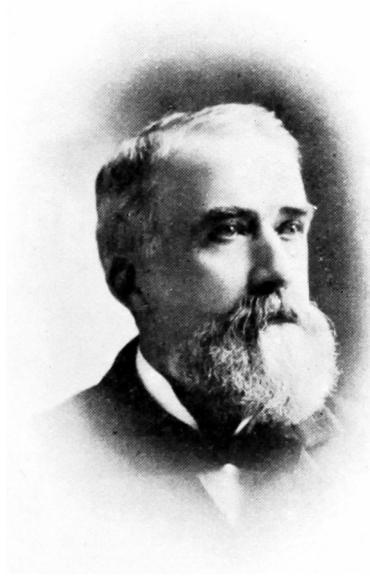
"Coming to Wisconsin in the fall of 1854 to teach in the new School for the Deaf I landed, bag and baggage, on the brow of the hill from a mail coach plying between Beloit and Delavan, there being no railroads to Delavan then. Through the dense woods I caught sight of a two-story building. Winding my way through a fenceless and trackless plot of ground abounding in native trees, hazel and other bushes, I found at last the entrance to what was to be the scene of my future operations. Privations and inconveniences, not now obtaining in like Institutions, prevailed in our embryo School.

"The old-fashioned washtub, antiquated wood stove, greasy lamp, wood and water carriers were our reliances in the laundry, heating, lighting and plumbing department.

"The first great feat in the way of plumbing was the establishment of a hydraulic ram, which forced water up the hill to a small basin of masonry at the rear of the building, from which it was drawn by pail, pitcher, cup, tub, and not infrequently by the hand, and thirsty mouth.

"For a year there were no other buildings constructed, except a diminutive stable which became necessary in the winter when a horse and wagon were purchased for the use of the School. The stable was made by nailing stray boards to trees, and thatching it. The horse was quite an addition to the household, and had many friends among the boys, who saw that his bridle-bits were breathed upon and rubbed warm of a frosty morning. Delavan being an isolated place, all the lumber used in the construction of the additional buildings was hauled from Racine, a distance of forty-six miles. In those days mill-goers would forsake the main road and cut across our grounds to the grist mill. One road was where the front gate and Manual Training building now stand. Another was through Deacon De Wolf's, and our present orchards, down along the north edge of the bluff.

"Pupils came to school by team, some coming by the quaint ox-team, and a few on foot, one little boy trudging forty miles by the side of his father.



HIRAM PHILLIPS.



A CLASS IN CALISTHENICS.  
Miss Julia L. Carney,  
Instructor.

"Exhibitions by the pupils before the Legislature at Madison were made annually in the winter, the trip being made on sleds to Milton, twenty miles distant, to catch the nearest train.

"Many and great inconveniences were experienced, but we were successful in our object, and to-day the deaf of Wisconsin have as fine and complete a building as any in the country.

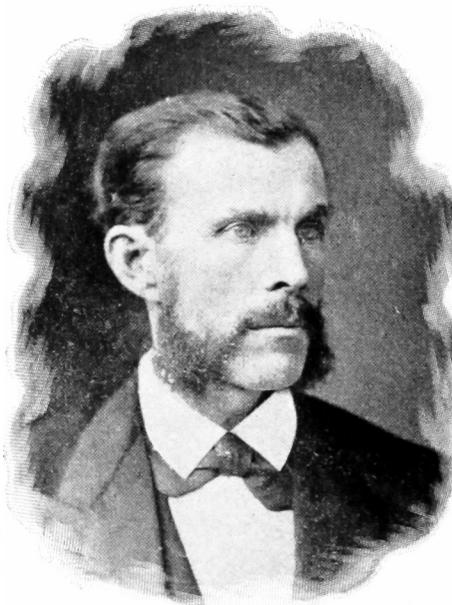
"Nature has been so ably assisted by art that now a landscape, surpassing in beauty and harmony, is presented to the eye. So completely has the primitive aspect of the place been changed that the eye fails to see the latest sign of the landmarks of a half century ago."

The first Governor to visit the School was Governor Wm. A. Barstow, accompanied by Lieutenant-Governor McArthur, in the fall of 1854. As the distinguished gentlemen entered the chapel where the pupils were assembled, they all rose in a body to pay their respects. The Governor made a short address, in which he expressed his interest in the School and the deaf generally, and at its close they again arose—this time of their own accord—to express their thanks. Many Governors have since visited the School, the last being Governor Edward Scofield, in November, 1899, whose visit was very much enjoyed by the whole Institution family.

Prof. Z. G. McCoy, like Mr. Phillips, began his life work under Mr. Jenkins. Mr. McCoy was born at Fort Edward, Washington county, N. Y., November 1, 1828, and died at Delavan, Wis., October 9, 1883. He was educated at the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb. At his graduation in 1855 he received valuable awards for his high attainments, for his genial good character, and for "the very creditable appearance he made when exhibited at Albany" before the Legislature. Once, in the early history of the School, the vacation of the principal's office being necessary, Mr. McCoy was chosen by the Board of Trustees to take temporary charge until a new principal was appointed. He served the School faithfully for twenty-eight years.

In 1856 Mr. Jenkins was succeeded by Mr. John Scott Officer, M. A., under whose management the Institute made marked progress.

Mr. Officer was of Scotch-Irish descent, and was born in Washington, Washington county, Penn. His father and grandfather both occupied prominent positions in church and civil society at that place. Soon after the completion of his education at Washington College, Penn., he became interested in the education of the deaf and dumb through the influence of his brother, Thomas Officer, who was the first principal of the Illinois School for the Deaf. Mr. J. S. Officer was first employed as a teacher in the Ohio Institution, and afterwards in the Illinois Institution.



Z. G. MCCOY.



GOVERNOR'S GUARDS.

In 1860 Industrial education was begun in the form of cabinet-making in a building erected for the purpose. During the session of 1857-58 a law passed the Legislature requiring pupils who were sent to the deaf and dumb or blind institutions, to pay seventy-five dollars per annum, unless "parents could make oath before an officer that they were unable to pay that amount." A similar law was passed in 1867; but these laws operated so disastrously on the prosperity of those Institutes that they were both repealed soon after their passage.

The period of the Civil War was a time of considerable pecuniary embarrassment to the Institute, and teachers worked on reduced salaries.

In June, 1861, an event of unusual interest occurred, namely, the first formal graduation of five pupils, who had completed the then prescribed course of study. Having with no little difficulty secured photographs and tintypes of the five original members of the class, a composite group is herewith presented (see pages 32 and 33), with a sample of the diploma awarded.

Eight marriage ceremonies have been performed at the School since its establishment. The first was the marriage of Miss O. S. Taylor, matron, to L. Eddy, teacher, in 1861; the second, that of \* James Dudley and Miss Flora Virgil, assistant matron, in 1863; the third, of D. T. Gifford, engineer, to Miss A. Boyce, assistant matron, in 1872; the fourth, of R. A. Gates, steward, and Miss Katie De Motte, teacher, in 1880; the fifth, of Garret Minert and Miss Emily Althaus, in 1882; the sixth, of Charles A. Tetzlaff and Miss Cynthia Williams, in 1883; the seventh, of Miss Annie M. Gray, a teacher in the School, to Mr. J. S. Smith, in 1891; and the eighth, of J. B. Googins and Miss Ruth Swiler, in 1896.

Mr. Officer died in office in 1865, and is buried in Spring Grove Cemetery, in Delavan, by the side of his wife, who preceded him by only a year.

PRINCIPAL J. S. OFFICER, M. A.

\* So far as known, Mr. Dudley was the first Wisconsin deaf-mute to marry.



Wisconsin Institute



FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE  
**DEAF AND DUMB.**

This Testimonial  
to George Taylor

Who has been for six years a pupil of this Institute, and has successfully completed the prescribed Course of Study, is awarded in token of approval of his diligent application, commendable acquisitions and general good conduct, and as he now leaves the Institute with credit and honor, he is followed by our best wishes, and is cordially recommended to others as deserving their kind regard and liberal patronage.

Delavan, June 26<sup>th</sup> 1861

J. S. Coffey

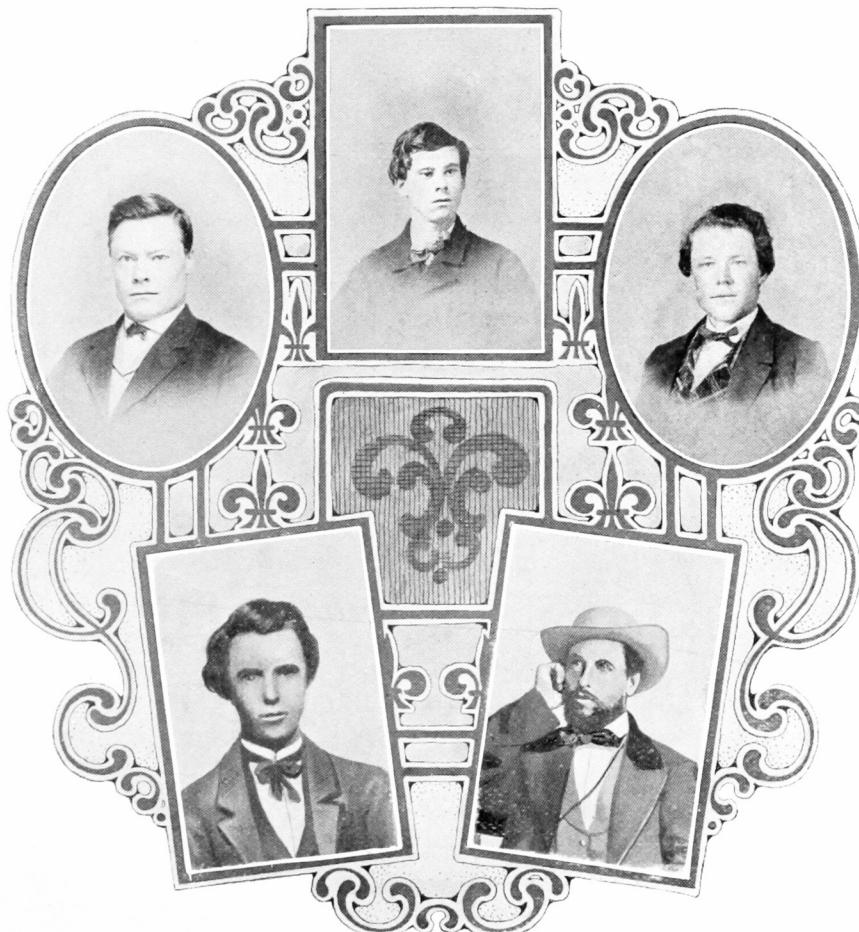
PRINCIPAL

Wm C. Allen

PRES' BOARD OF TRUSTEES

W. H. Harrington  
SECRETARY

FAC-SIMILE OF DIPLOMA AWARDED TO FIRST GRADUATES.



FIRST GRADUATING CLASS—1861.

Thomas Jones.

George Taylor.

James A. Dudley.

Alphonso Johnson.

Washington Farrar.

Miss Emily Eddy, who has the honor of having been connected with this School longer than any other person in its history, that is, from \*1857 to 1895, the first woman employed as a teacher, and the first teacher to begin speech-teaching in this School in 1868, was born at Mt. Auburn, N.Y., and educated at Mt. Holyoke College, Mass.

It has come to the writer's knowledge that as early as 1861 Miss Eddy noticed the speech of those pupils and others who had lost their hearing

at an early age, and that she had made some observations and experiments of her own with a view to its preservation and cultivation. So when Miss Harriet B. Rogers, the first teacher

\* A diary Miss Eddy had kept for twenty-two years was destroyed in the fire of 1879.



MISS EMILY EDDY.



in the Clarke Institution, then just established at Northampton, Mass., visited this School in the summer of 1868, Miss Eddy was fully prepared to receive whatever would be helpful in that direction. Miss Rogers remained long enough to "give the trustees and teachers instruction in her method of teaching." At the opening of school in the fall a class was formed according to the most advanced methods of that day, and put under Miss Eddy's instruction.

Speech-teaching was also introduced into the Illinois School at the same time, thus making these two Schools the first in the West to teach speech to the deaf.

During Mr. Weed's administration Miss Eddy was sent to the Illinois Institution at Jacksonville, to make a study of Dr. Bell's system of Visible Speech then in use there, and upon her return it was introduced into this School.

The work has not only been kept up, but constantly improved on and extended from its inception to the present time.

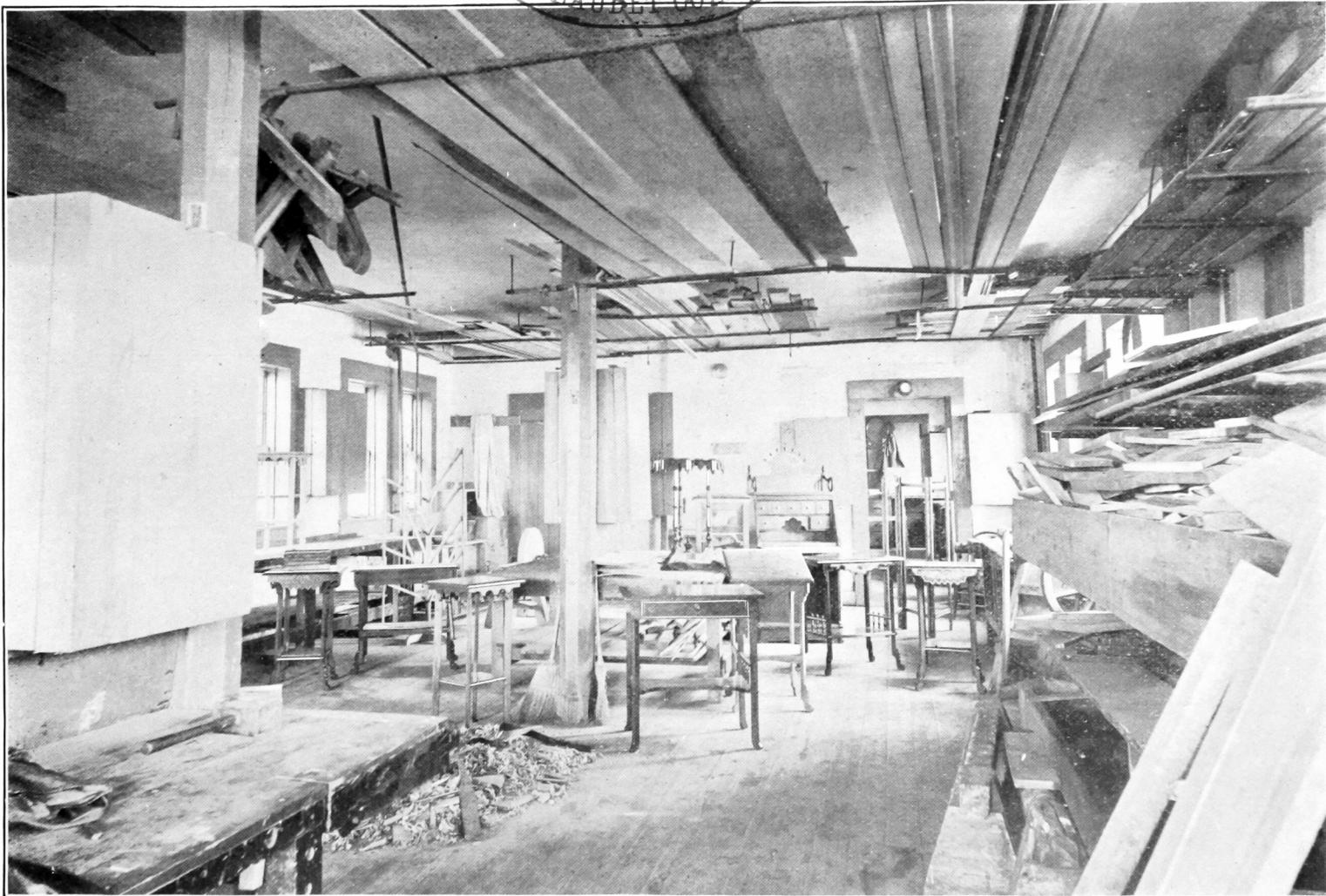
When Miss Eddy began this work thirty-two years ago, Wm. C. Allen, President of the Board of Trustees, wrote of her : "Miss Eddy not only seems to have the will, but a heart in the work, and the trustees feel to accord to her great praise for what she has done, and are confident of her future success in this direction"—and she did succeed, for she was a woman of singular devotion and perseverance in everything she undertook.

She is now living in Duluth, Minn.

Mr. Officer was succeeded by Dr. H. W. Milligan. The early life of Henry W. Milligan was spent on a farm in West Stockbridge, Mass., where he was born. In the course of time he graduated from Williams College. After that he was occupied for some time as a postoffice clerk, and private teacher.

Removing to Philadelphia, he became connected with the School for the Deaf in that city, and during the nine years he taught there, attended medical lectures, and finally graduated from the Medical Department of the

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No. -----  
GALLAUDET COLLEGE



CABINET AND CARPENTRY DEPARTMENT.

University of Pennsylvania. He is now Emeritus Professor of History and English Literature, and Librarian of Illinois College. His administration was signalized by the introduction of speech teaching, of steam heating, and gas lighting, and the opening of the shoe shop in the second story of the cabinet shop. Before this the Institution had been heated by some thirty or forty stoves, and lighted by kerosene lamps.



PRINCIPAL E. C. STONE, M. A.

elected to the Legislature as assemblyman from the second district. He was one of the original incorporators of the "Delavan Lake Assembly" and has been president of the Association up to the present time.

Prof. W. A. Cochrane began work under Dr. Milligan in 1867.

Mr. Cochrane was born at Ripley, Chautauqua county, New York, coming to Beloit, Wis., in 1854. Educated in the common schools of Beloit, he entered Beloit College and graduated in 1867. With the exception of four years, in which he was employed as teacher in the Michigan School, and three years out of the profession, from 1892 to 1895, he has taught here ever since. For a time he was in the army during the Civil War, a member of Co. B, Fortieth Wisconsin Volunteers. For fifteen years he was a member of the Delavan School Board and its secretary. Particularly

of late years the people of this community have honored him in a number of ways. He was elected alderman in 1882, '85 and '90, and mayor in 1894. In the same year he was appointed a member of the county board to fill a vacancy. In November, 1892, he was



W. A. COCHRANE, M. A.



SHOEMAKING DEPARTMENT.

Upon the resignation of Dr. Milligan in 1868, Prof. Edward Collins Stone, M. A., was elected principal. Mr. Stone was born at Hartford, Conn., where his father was a teacher in the American School for the Deaf. He was a graduate of Yale, and had had six years experience as a teacher in the Ohio and Hartford Schools, besides having been familiar with the deaf all his life. Upon the sudden death of his father, then superintendent of the Hartford School, Mr. Stone was appointed his successor in 1870. He died in Hartford in 1878.



P. S. ENGELHARDT.

Mr. Stone was always regarded as a great success, whether as teacher or principal, and the secret of it is to be found embodied in the following words uttered on his death bed: "I have always been among the deaf and dumb, and have always loved them. I have been glad to give my life to them. I love them all."

To Philip S. Engelhardt belongs the honor of being the first pupil from Milwaukee in 1854, the first graduate of this School to represent Wisconsin in Gallaudet College, and the first to receive an appointment from Principal Stone as teacher in his Alma Mater in 1870. On account of his father's death, he did not graduate from the College, but he was given a certificate at the end of three years that carried with it all but graduation honors. After his resignation as a teacher in 1871, he engaged in two or three different occupations, finally becoming a pattern-maker in Allis & Co.'s shops, where he worked from 1879 till the summer of 1900, with the exception of two years spent at Madison, Indiana, where he was building superintendent, and foreman of the largest furniture factory in that State. He was the first president of the Wisconsin Association of the Deaf, and founder of the first Society of the Deaf in Milwaukee in 1884. He is now secretary of the Evangelical Lutheran Congregation of that city. Mr. Engelhardt is a close student of the industrial conditions of the deaf and is well acquainted with their needs in that line.

While Mr. Stone was principal the composite group of officers and teachers of the School, shown on the following page, was presented to him.

Mr. Woodbury, steward, is connected with a grocery store in town.

Mr. Gifford, engineer, who married Miss Boyce, assistant matron, is successfully engaged in farming at Genoa Junction, Wis.

Mr. Valentine, teacher, is a lawyer and real estate man at Red Wing, Minnesota.



C. H. D. T. Gifford. A. J. Woodbury.  
Rideout. Miss J. Northrop.

Miss E. E. Boyce. Miss A. Northrop. Miss M. Hutton. E. Young.  
Miss A. Cornell. C. L. Williams. W. A. Cochrane. L. Eddy.  
Z. G. McCoy. B. G. Valentine. H. Phillips.  
G. F. Schilling. Principal Stone. Miss E. Eddy. 39

Mr. Young, who was for twenty-one years the efficient instructor in cabinet-making and carpentry, died at his home in Delavan in March, 1897.

Miss Hutton was employed then as general help, having been a pupil. She died at her home in Janesville, in 1892.

Mr. Rideout, instructor in shoe-making, is a prosperous carpenter in Delavan.

Mr. Schilling, teacher, who left the School in 1883, engaged in selling books, and afterwards removed to Dakota and then to Minnesota, where he now resides.

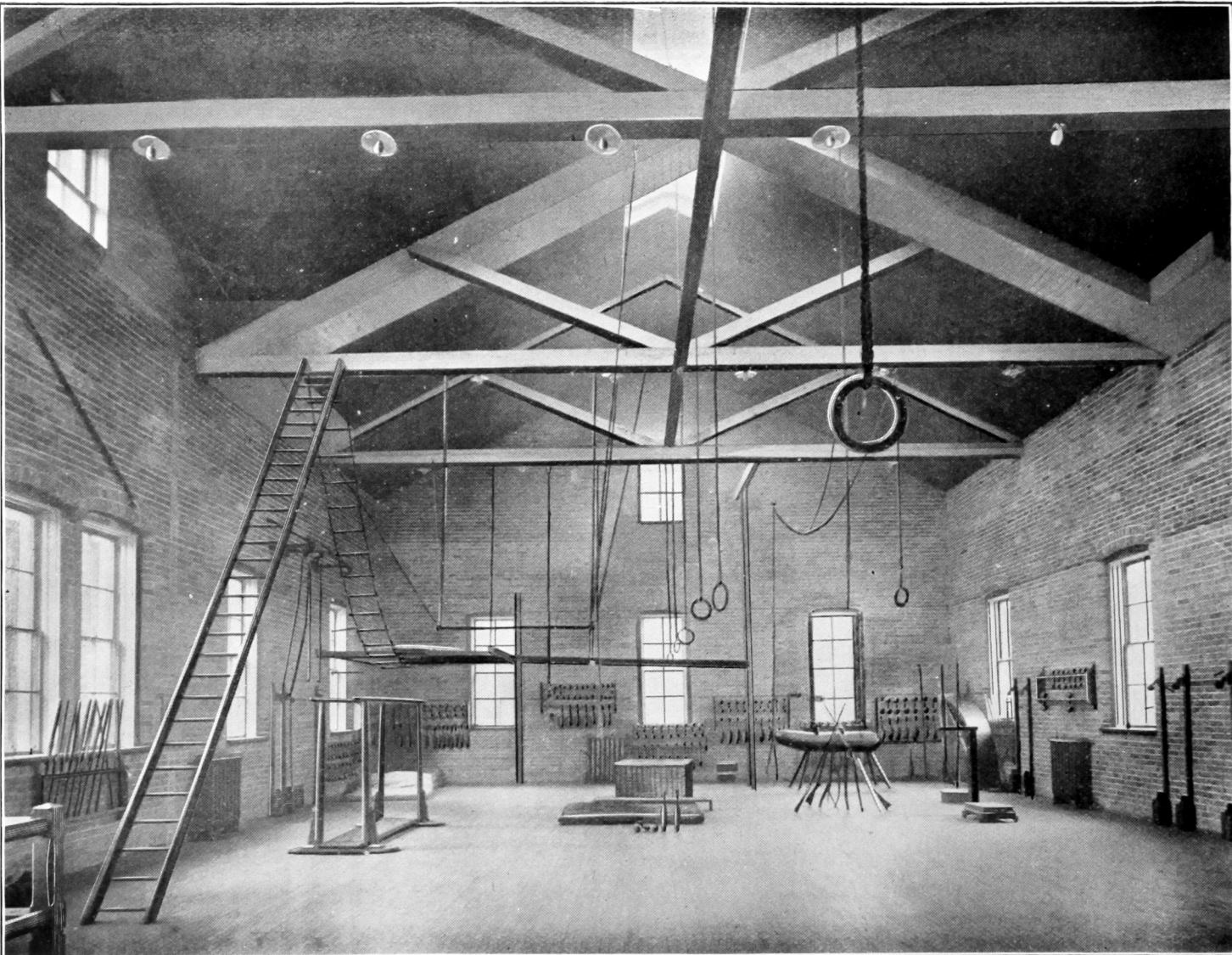
Mr. Eddy, at one time principal of the West Virginia School for the Deaf, is still teaching in the Kentucky School for the Deaf.

Miss Alice J. Cornell, matron, married a Mr. Bishop, became a widow, and died in California in 1895.

The whereabouts of Miss J. Northrop, teacher, and her sister, Miss A. Northrop, visitors' attendant, and Mr. C. L. Williams, is unknown.

For the others, see sketches.

Mr. Stone's successor, George Ludington Weed, M. A., was born at Union Mission Station, Arkansas Territory, and spent his early childhood among the Osage and Creek Indians, for his father was a missionary among them. The family home was in Cincinnati, and from there he entered Marietta College. Having the ministry in view, which he never entered, he began preparing himself at Andover Theological Seminary, but was compelled



THE GYMNASIUM.

to relinquish study on account of his eyes. He then traveled extensively in Europe, Egypt, and Syria. He was induced to enter upon the work of deaf-mute instruction by Rev. Collins Stone, then superintendent of the Ohio Institution, and when Mr. Stone resigned, Mr. Weed became his successor. While he was principal he secured the passage of a bill through the Ohio Legislature practically re-building and enlarging the Ohio School.

Mr. Weed taught for some years in the Philadelphia Institution, but is now retired. Of late he has gained considerable note as a writer, one of his best known books being "Great Truths Simply Told," which is used in many schools for the deaf in this country. Under Mr. Weed the school work was kept well in hand, and it was at this time that the State Superintendent of Public Instruction acknowledged the Institute as one of the educational interests of the State.

Mrs. Eleanor McCoy, who began teaching during Mr. Weed's administration in 1874, was connected with the School for twenty-

one years. She was born at Lac Des Deux, in the Province of Montagn, Canada, and was educated at the New York Institution, where she took high rank as a pupil. After graduation she was for some time assistant matron of the Institution, and afterwards a private teacher for five years in Canada. Mrs. McCoy's teaching abilities were of the first order, and when she retired from the profession in 1895, she carried with her the kindest regards, and best wishes of her friends, and



MRS. ELEANOR MCCOY.



PRINCIPAL GEORGE L. WEED, M. A.



PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

EDITOR LARSEN.

above all, the satisfaction of knowing that her work had been well done. She is still living at her home in Delavan.

William Henry De Motte, who succeeded Mr. Weed, is a native of Kentucky, but removed with his parents to Western Indiana. He graduated from De Paw University in the class of '49. His first teaching of the deaf was in Mr. J. S. Brown's "wonderful school of deaf people," at Indianapolis, in 1850, and the greater part of his time since then has been spent in the education of the deaf, either as teacher or superintendent. During the war he resigned to accept a military commission under Governor Morton, and at the conclusion of the war undertook an educational enterprise under the control of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

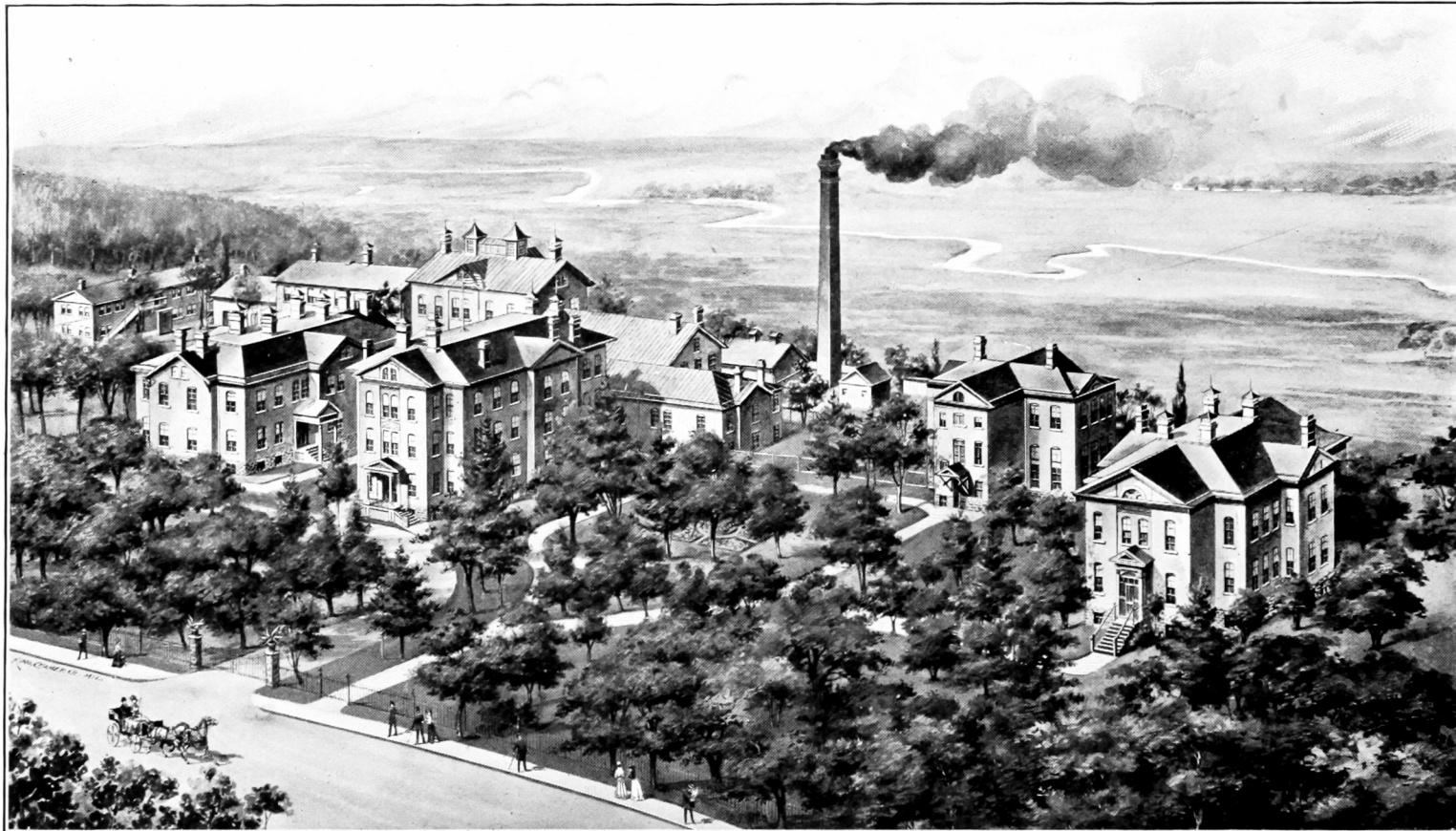
While in charge of this School he was honored with the title of "Doctor of Laws" by Lawrence University.

The following events marked his term of office : The erection of a small wooden building for a gymnasium ; the opening of a basket shop for two years in a part of the cabinet shop ; the introduction of printing and the starting of a paper, the *Deaf-Mute Press*, in 1878 ; the giving of elementary instruction in drawing for a few months ; the erection and fitting up of a building for a kitchen and laundry ; and the destruction of the old Institute by fire September 16, 1879. No clue as to the origin of the fire has ever yet been obtained. The building was a total loss to the State, as it was not covered by insurance. In spite of the great inconveniences caused by this most unexpected calamity, the work of the Institute was not suspended. The shoe-shop was immediately converted into a dormitory for the boys, and the lady teachers and girls were taken in by private families on the hill and down town. In the meantime the school work was mostly carried on in the Methodist church in the village, until the carpenter shop was divided up into school-rooms and a small office for the principal and steward.

After the fire the public press began seriously to discuss the advisability of moving the Institute to some other place, but nothing resulted from the discussion. Plans for new buildings were adopted and, an appropriation



SUPERINTENDENT W. H. DEMOTTE, LL. D.



PRESENT BUILDINGS OF THE WISCONSIN SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

Shop.

Cottage.  
Boys' Building.

Gymnasium.  
Main Building.

Chapel.

Manual Training School.

School House.

of \$65,000 having been secured, their erection was commenced in the spring of 1880. These buildings, which are a modification of the congregate plan, will accommodate two hundred and fifty pupils, and are well suited to more completely separate and classify pupils of different sex, age and state of advancement.

Dr. De Motte was afterwards superintendent of the Kansas School for the Deaf. Upon leaving that Institution he was offered a similar position in the Iowa School, but declined it. It is rather as a scholar and teacher that Dr. De Motte occupies a pre-eminent place in the profession, and the advancement of this Institution in scholarship was one of the marked features of his régime. He is now one of the prominent teachers in the Indiana Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.

Although advanced in years, he carries his age more lightly and can accomplish more work than many a younger man. The ease, grace, facility and power with which he uses the sign language is unsurpassed.

Mrs. Mary H. Fiske was born in Ripon, Wis., June 14, 1852, and died of consumption in Delavan, Wis., December 21, 1895. She was a graduate of Ripon College and Oshkosh Normal School, and received her appointment from Superintendent De Motte in 1878. On account of failing health she resigned in 1892 and with her husband traveled in New Mexico and California. On receipt of the news of her death, the following resolution was adopted by the Teachers' Association of the School :

" WHEREAS, It has pleased our Heavenly Father to remove by death Mrs. Mary Hunter Fiske, who was for fourteen years a teacher in the Wisconsin School for the Deaf ; and

" WHEREAS, Her gentle Christian character and exceptional ability as a teacher were ever used to promote the cause of education and the best interests of the School ;

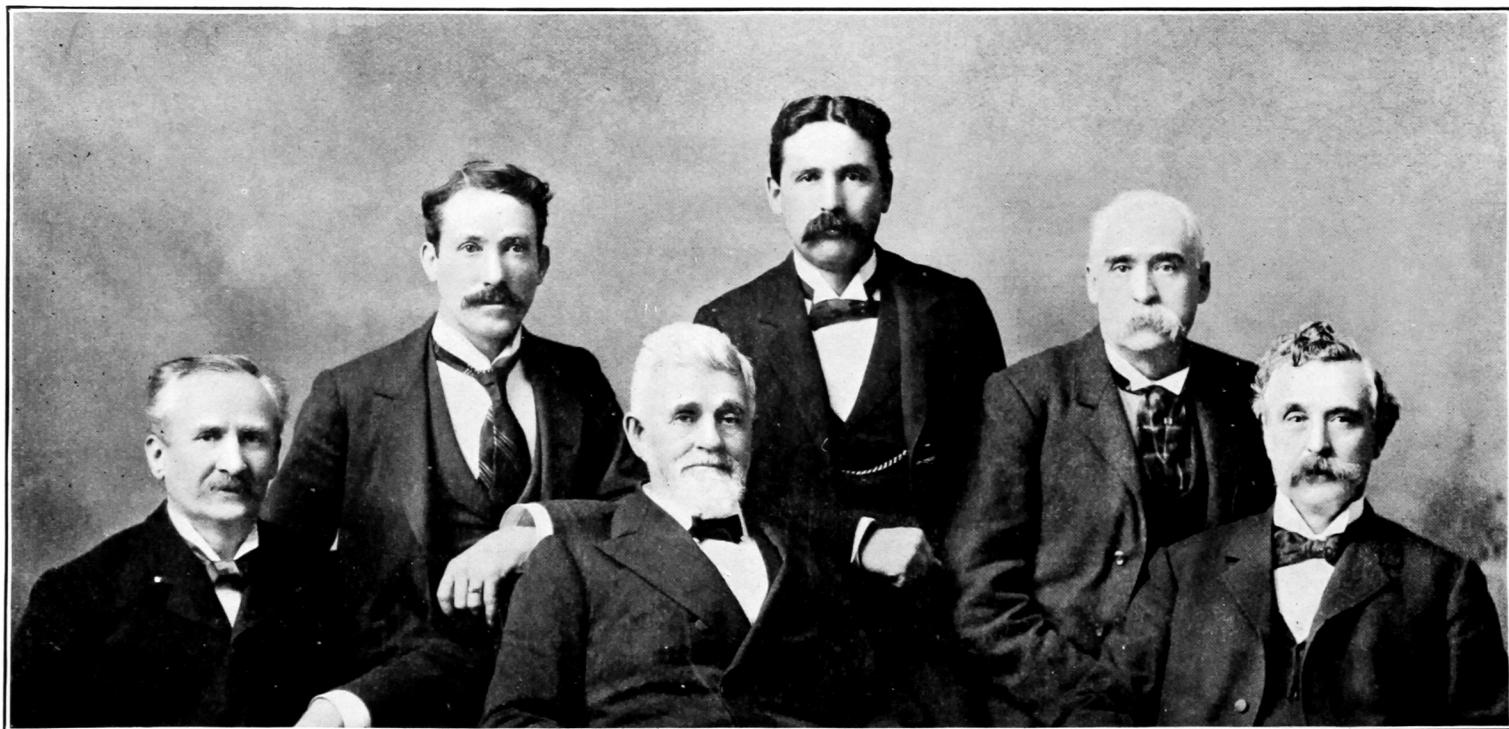
" *Resolved*, That in her death the profession has lost a useful, faithful and conscientious member, the School a valued instructor, and the deaf a friend, and we, the teachers and officers of the School, desire to express our highest esteem for her, and appreciation of her work."

Superintendent De Motte resigned in 1880, and John W. Swiler, M. A., of Jacksonville, Ill., was elected in his place.

Mr. Swiler was born in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, in 1844. In 1852 his parents removed to Monmouth, Illinois, and, in the course of time, he entered the College at that place and graduated in 1864, after which he engaged in the book trade for two years. In 1867 he went to Jacksonville, when he was appointed as a



MRS. M. H. FISKE.



STATE BOARD OF CONTROL.

M. J. Tappins.

Richard Guenther.

G. W. Bishop.

Wm. P. Lyon.

E. R. Petherick.

N. B. Treat.

teacher in the State Institution there. Mr. Swiler's stay at Jacksonville covered thirteen years, during which time he constantly rose to prominence as a man well fitted to educate and govern. Endowed with great practical and executive ability as well as good judgment, he seems to have found his proper place in the profession. His experience grows rapidly with his years. His appearance gives the impression of energy, decision and firmness. His use of the sign language is characterized by perspicuity, and his utterances are fraught with the useful and practical. Since he came here he has steadily grown in the esteem of those in his charge, no less for his managing skill than for the faithful care, consideration, and respect he ever evinces for them. And, in closing, it does not seem too much to say that his management has had a tendency to develop the present material and mental resources of the School to a degree never surpassed.

Besides superintending the erection and fitting up of the new buildings during the summer and fall of the same year, the following improvements have been made during his administration : The erection of a new engine house and smoke stack, with the removal of the old one ; of a new and well-equipped gymnasium ; the introduction of systematic drawing and painting ; the change in the name of the Institute to "The Wisconsin School for the Deaf"; the addition of a bakery to the industrial department ; the establishment of *The Wisconsin Times*, a regular weekly paper, in place of the *Deaf-Mute Press*, of irregular issue ; the use of electricity in lighting ; the building of a manual training school in 1896, and the adoption of a course of study covering ten years, and many minor improvements, such as a new engine house, laundry, refrigerator, and cottage for small boys.

Besides these new ideas, improved methods in teaching, new tools and machinery have been introduced into both school-room and shop, making the School one of the best equipped educational institutions in the State.



SUPERINTENDENT JOHN W. SWILER, M. A.



KING-CRAMER CO. MIL.

Elsie Swiler.

David S. Googins.

Mrs. J. W. Swiler.

George Swiler.

Mrs. Swiler-Googins.

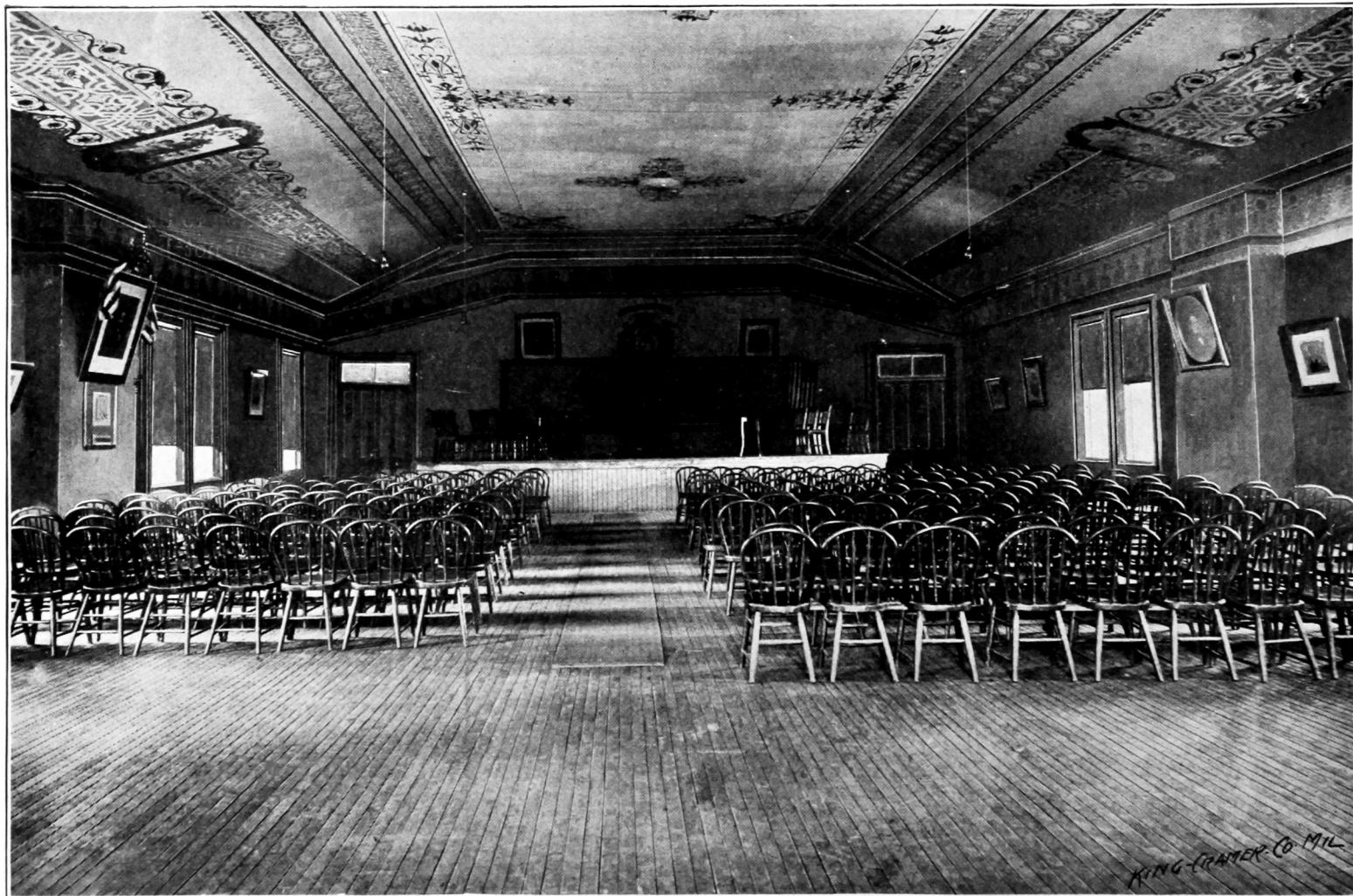
From its establishment in 1852 the School had been under the general management of a Board of Trustees, but in 1881, with all the other charitable, penal, and reformatory institutions in the State, it was placed under a State Board of Supervision, consisting of five members appointed by the Governor, having their headquarters in the Capitol at Madison. In 1891 this board was reorganized under the name of the State Board of Control.

One very important matter, which has not been referred to, is the provision made by this School to render it as pleasant and homelike as possible for those in its charge. With this object in view such entertainments, socials, etc., as young people enjoy, are gotten up. Especially during the winter holidays, as Christmas and New Year, nothing is left undone to make them the most enjoyable of the year, by little gifts, in addition to those which so many pupils usually receive from their homes at this time. Besides the above, the writer does not hesitate to add that the appointments of the domestic department are excellent ; that the diet furnished is clean, wholesome and healthful ; that the rules and regulations for discipline are such as obtain in the best families ; and that in case of sickness, both boys and girls are well cared for by the attending physician, and experienced nurses.

In concluding this part of the Souvenir, it would be an unpardonable omission not to refer to the loyalty and devotion the citizens of Delavan have always shown in the welfare and progress of this School. When the question was up for its establishment in 1852, Elkhorn, in its apathy, was quickly outdone by the vigorous measures taken by this town to secure it. When the talk was started of moving the School to some other locality, after the fire in 1879, leading citizens and the press of this city were again equal to the emergency and successfully fought every movement looking toward that end.

In a word, Delavan has come to consider the School, and its beautiful site, a jewel in its crown, and proposes to retain it.





THE CHAPEL.

KING-FRAYER CO. MIL

## *RESIDENT OFFICERS.*

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MISS S. D. GIBSON, B. S.

THE following are the resident officers of the School, including the School Physician, all of whom received their appointment, with one exception, during the present administration.

Edgar D. Fiske was born in Darien. He attended the schools of the vicinity, and, in addition, for a time, Wayland Academy and the State Normal School at Whitewater. His connection with the School began as Boys' Supervisor in 1879. He served in that capacity until 1884, when he was promoted to his present position as Assistant Steward. Previous to the death of his wife in 1895, they both spent considerable time in New Mexico and California. After her death he was for a time employed in the Citizens' Bank of Delavan, returning



EDGAR D. FISKE.

to his old position here in 1898. Three of Mr. Fiske's brothers have also been in the employment of the School, Henry N., Silas W. and George A., who was for years Assistant Engineer.

Miss Sarah D. Gibson, the present Matron, is a graduate of Monmouth College. She taught district schools



DINING ROOM.

for several years. For thirteen years she has been matron of this School, and for two years she was associate matron of Gallaudet College, Washington, D. C. She was also matron of the Illinois School for the Deaf one year.

While it has been the exception rather than the rule, to dwell on the merits of persons in this Souvenir, it would be a mistake not to mention the tact, efficiency, and devotion with which Miss Gibson has managed the domestic department, which proves that it was never in better hands.

In length of service, Miss Tillie Cannan, of Darien, takes precedence of everyone now connected with the School, having begun her work here in 1878, first as dining-room girl, then as nurse and visitors' attendant until 1892, when she was made Assistant Matron.

Miss Nellie McGuire has served the School fourteen years, for a time in charge of the pupils' dining-room, then of the girls in the ironing room, and for the last three years as Visitors' Attendant and girls' nurse. She was born in Rochester, N. Y., coming to Wisconsin when a child with her parents, who first settled at Rock Prairie, but afterwards moved to the head of Delavan Lake, where they still live.

Mrs. Mina Ramsey, of the town of Delavan, is boys' nurse.

Mr. John Dooley, of Delavan, is night watchman.

Warren Marques Stillman was born in Kingsville, Ashtabula county, Ohio. His first job at engineering was at the age of thirteen years, in the sash and blind factory at Burr Oaks, Michigan. As soon as he was old enough he enlisted in the First Michigan Cavalry in 1865, and was discharged at Ft. Leavenworth at the close of the war. He then engaged in his old occupation, and shop-work in Ohio, Indiana and Michigan, working for several years in the flour mills at Clinton, Wis. Previous to coming here in 1882, he was employed in the Minnetonka Flour Mill



MISS TILLIE CANNAN.



MISS NELLIE McGUIRE.



A CLASS IN COOKING IN MANUAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT.

Co. The next place he filled, after leaving here in 1892, was that of Engineer for the Union Depot Street Railway Company of St. Louis. In 1896 he was appointed Engineer and Electrician of the Industrial School for Boys at Waukesha, which place he relinquished when he was offered his former position here. Mr. Stillman has traveled extensively, particularly in the West. In 1898 he was elected alderman of the First ward in Delavan. He is unmarried.



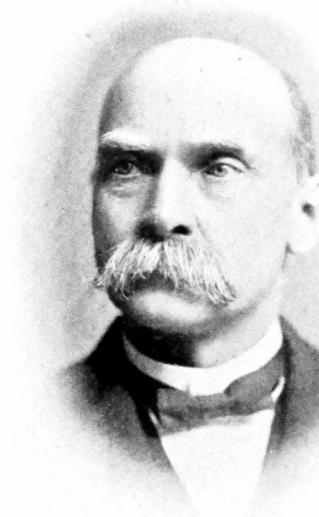
JOSEPH E. WACHUTE.

Joseph Edward Wachute was born at Prairie du Chien, in 1870; entered school in 1880, and graduated in 1890, and was appointed to his present position as Boys' Supervisor in 1891. He is quiet and unassuming in manner, but faithful and fearless in the discharge of his duties. He knows the boys like an open book, and manages them with tact and skill. He is thoroughly familiar with every nook and cranny of the little "village" on the hill, and the grounds are always models of neatness and order.

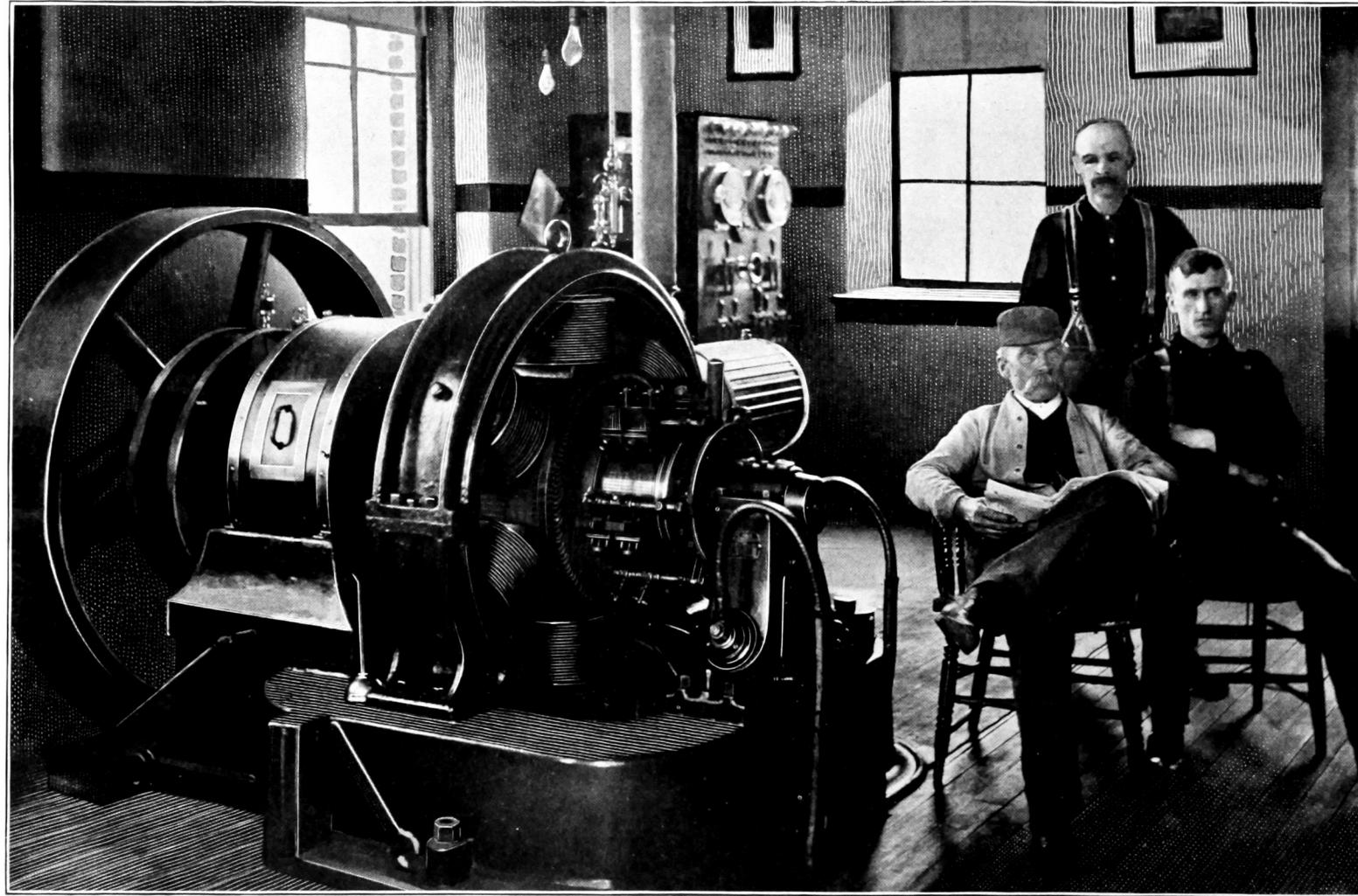
He is Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Wisconsin Association of the Deaf.

Charles C. Blanchard, M. D., was born in Arcadia, Cayuga county, N. Y., August 7, 1846. He came with his parents, while a child, to Racine, Wis.,

and moved to Delavan in 1851. He studied medicine with his father, Dr. O. W. Blanchard, a physician of the old school. He attended lectures at Rush Medical College, and Bennett Medical College, from the latter of which he graduated in 1863. He returned to Wisconsin, and practiced in Walworth and Sharon. In 1868 he formed a partnership with his father at Delavan, and succeeded to his practice after his death in 1879. In 1880 and 1881 Dr. Blanchard attended a course of lectures at the Chicago College of Ophthalmology and graduated in 1881. He was



WARREN MARQUES STILLMAN.



ENGINE AND DYNAMO ROOM.

WILLIAM HENRY.  
W. M. STILLMAN, JOHN MOORE.

secretary of the State Medical Society three years ; is a member of the National Medical Association and was elected an honorary member of the National Institute of Medicine and Surgery at St. Louis. The Doctor served several years as member of the Village Board of Trustees, and since the incorporation of Delavan as a city, has several times been elected City Physician and Health Officer, which position he still holds. Dr. Blanchard served in the war of the Rebellion as private and Hospital Steward for three years and ten months, under Col. Samuel Fallows, of the Forty-ninth Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry. Was appointed Physician to the State School for the Deaf by the State Board of Control in 1896, which position he still holds. His father, Dr. O. W. Blanchard, was Trustee of this School during the years 1854, '55 and '56.



C. C. BLANCHARD, M. D.



STUDIO IN, MANUAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT.

# *LITERARY, ART AND PHYSICAL CULTURE DEPARTMENTS AND LIBRARY.*

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THE system of instruction employed in the School, almost from its beginning, is the combined or eclectic system, which embraces all known methods that are of any value, adjusted to pupils of all degrees of intelligence and ability to speak, in such a manner as to secure the greatest good to the greatest number ; or, to be still more explicit, each pupil is taught by that method which is the best suited to his or her individual need, or, in other words, that method which, in the broadest sense, yields the most satisfactory results.

This necessarily divides the work of instruction into two departments : the Oral, and Manual. All new pupils, on entering school, are given a fair trial with reference to their ability to speak. If their speech assists more than it hinders complete development, they are put wholly under oral instruction ; but if, after prolonged trial, the reverse of this becomes evident they are at once transferred to the manual department. There are now one hundred and twenty-six in the oral, and sixty-three in the manual department. It should be mentioned here that there is one "Kindergarten" class in which the Froebel methods are applied with good results as far as practicable with deaf children.

In this connection it is but fair to the present administration to state that, although articulation had been taught in this School since 1868, manual and oral pupils were not taught in separate departments as they now are, nor were there at any time so many under oral instruction. The largest number of those so taught under any previous administration being about one-fourth, while it is now two-thirds of the whole number in attendance.

While in such an institution, whose pupils are from families representing all forms of religious belief, no set form of worship is possible, yet an appropriate observance of the Lord's Day is required.

Sunday-School is held from half-past two to half-past three on Sunday afternoons. Some teachers use the Sunday Lesson paper, others make selections from the Bible, and others use Mr. Weed's book, "Great Truths Simply Told."



THE SUPERINTENDENT AND TEACHERS IN THE LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

Lillian Sorrensen. \* Myrtle Long.

\* Mary D. Fonner. \* Iva C. Pearce, B.S. \* Elizabeth Bright-Phœnix. \* Elsie M. Steinke. \* Seth W. Gregory, M.A.  
 † Warren Robinson, M.A. † W. A. Cochrane, M.A. Supt. J. W. Swiler, M.A. \* Almira I. Hobart, B.S. \* W. F. Gray.  
 \* Cornelia S. Goode. † Thomas Hagerty, B.A. † J. J. Murphy, B.A. † J. S. Long, M.A. \* Agnes Steinke.

\* Oral.

† Manual.

The Art and Physical Culture departments are really outgrowths of this administration. Dr. De Motte had endeavored to introduce drawing, and appointed Miss Lydia Woodson, whom the writer quite well remembers, as Art Instructor, but she was not retained, and that ended the first attempt made in this direction.

What had been accomplished by R. A. Gates in gymnastics among the boys was obliterated by the fire of 1879, so that when Mr. Swiler took charge in 1880, there was practically nothing left for him to commence building on, but, undaunted, he went to work and the final result of his efforts is now seen in the beautiful Studio which occupies an attractive and well-lighted room in the Manual Training School, and the fine and well-equipped gymnasium which was erected in 1889. While plans for extending the work in these departments were being developed, classes in Art and Physical Culture were early organized under rather unfavorable circumstances, with competent instructors.

In the Art Department eighteen boys and girls are enabled to avail themselves of its benefits in charcoal drawing, sketching and work in water color and oil. The work done is all original. The teacher in charge of this department also teaches penmanship and free hand drawing to the intermediate and primary classes, the time allotted to each class being about twenty-five minutes.

Miss Lillian Sorrensen is the instructor in this department.

Miss Sorrensen's first home was at Portage City, Wis., but she is indebted for her early education to the public schools of Kilbourn City, Wis., and Dodge Centre, Minn., to which places she afterwards moved. After graduation she commenced the study of art under Mrs. Lydia Ely, a noted artist of Milwaukee, and remained with her until she came to Delavan in 1893. She is at present on a year's leave of absence in Europe, to further perfect herself in her chosen profession.

Miss Stella Fiske, of Darien, is filling her place during her absence.

The Department of Physical Culture opens November 1st and continues till the middle of April. The boys occupy the commodious gymnasium, which is well supplied with apparatus, while the girls have a separate apartment in the main building. The boys are divided into four classes, the girls into three. The exercises of the boys include marching, wand, dumb-bell and club practice, military drill in uniforms, with rifles and accoutrements, and the use of apparatus for different parts of the body.

The exercises of the girls, who have an instructor of their own, are along the line of free movements with



MISS L. M. SORRENSEN.

calisthenics, and the use of a more simple apparatus than that of the boys. The influence of this department on the bearing and physical development of the pupils is clearly perceptible. The season closes annually with an exhibition which a large number of outsiders usually attend. Prof. Thomas Hagerty is the instructor of the boys and Miss Julia Carney, a graduate of this School, of the girls.

Mr. Hagerty hails from Manitowoc, Wis. He is a graduate of this School, and of Gallaudet College, and was appointed a teacher here in 1891, to which were added the duties of instructor in gymnastics in 1893. Prof.

Hagerty is well up in the photographers' art, and the groups and buildings of the School in this Souvenir were taken by him. He also prepared a constitution for the Phœnix Literary Society, and the Athletic Association, of which he is the head, by virtue of his position as instructor in gymnastics.

He has been Secretary of the Wisconsin Association of the Deaf, and is now its Treasurer.

The Library forms a most useful and valuable part of the School, for both reference and reading. It consists of nearly three thousand volumes. It is open to the pupils every Friday, and is accessible to the teachers at all times.

Every other Friday evening during the winter a course of lectures, covering a wide range of interesting and instructive subjects, is presented in the chapel to the advanced pupils by the men teachers.

Since the founding of the School in 1852,

1,136 pupils have availed themselves of its benefits. Of these 247 have graduated, and twenty-seven entered Gallaudet College in Washington, D. C., from which ten have graduated.

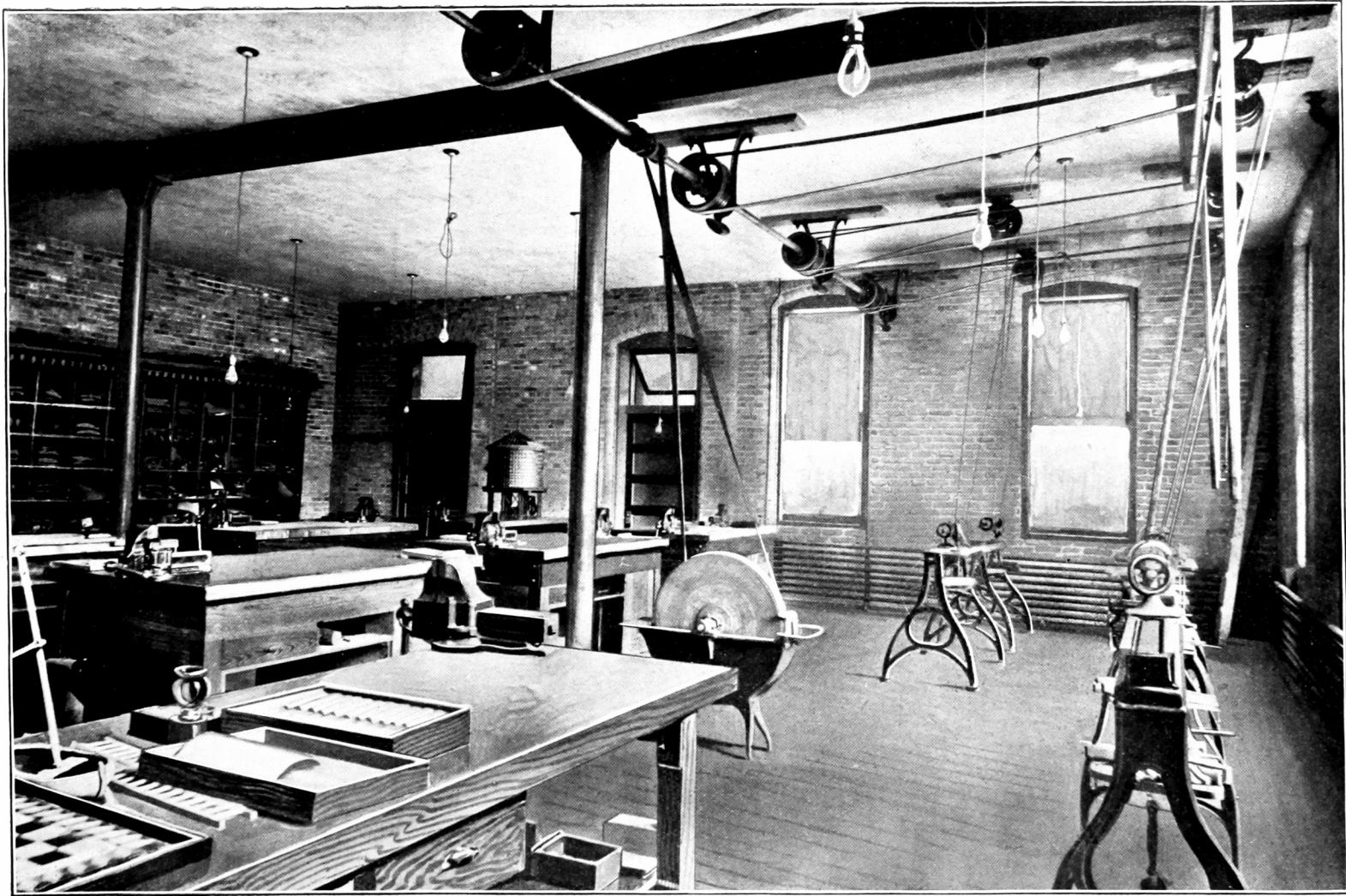
The teachers in the Literary Department who will have served fifteen years or more by 1902, during the present administration, in the order of their appointment, are: Prof. J. J. Murphy, Mrs. Elizabeth Bright-Phœnix, Prof. Warren Robinson, Miss Almira I. Hobart and Prof. W. F. Gray.



THOMAS HAGERTY, B. A.



J. J. MURPHY, B. A.



WOOD-WORKING ROOM IN MANUAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT.

James Joseph Murphy, B. A., is a native of Canada, coming to Wisconsin with his parents when very young, settling at Janesville. The Wisconsin School and Gallaudet College are his Alma Maters, graduating from the latter in the summer of 1879. He received his present appointment in 1883. In 1889 he retired from the profession on account of ill-health, but returned again to its ranks with restored strength, renewed interest and energy, and with a mind still better prepared than ever for his work by travel and change of occupation. He is a hard-working student, always on the lookout for anything likely to aid him in any way in the prosecution of his work.

In 1889 he was appointed State Agent in collecting funds for the Gallaudet statue, which cost \$10,000; and in spite of various difficulties and obstacles, succeeded in collecting \$350 as Wisconsin's contribution. He was at one time Treasurer of the Wisconsin Association of the Deaf.

Mrs. Elizabeth Bright-Phoenix commenced teaching here in the fall of 1884, being for a number of years employed as a manual, but now as an oral teacher. Having taught five years in the first primary grade of the schools at Madison, she was the first teacher to make use of Kindergarten material in this School. She was also the first instructor of the girls in calisthenics. She was born on a farm near Elkhorn and received her education in the Madison High School and State University.

MRS. ELIZABETH BRIGHT-PHOENIX. Warren Robinson, M. A., was born in Moscow, Iowa county, Wis., and is a graduate of this School and of Gallaudet College. He has written considerable on various subjects, including the first comprehensive history of this School up to date, has devised a new method of teaching language to the deaf, and is a firm believer in and advocate of practical education in the form of manual training, industrial education, etc. At one time he conducted an educational department in the *Wisconsin Times*, and is now editor-in-chief of the department of the State Association of the Deaf, in the same paper. He was the first regular instructor in gymnastics, and is now president of the State Association, chairman of the Industrial Section of the Convention of American



WARREN ROBINSON, M. A.



Instructors of the Deaf, and chairman of the Committee on the Industrial Status of the National Association of the Deaf. In 1899 he was chosen with five other deaf gentlemen to represent the National Association at the Paris Exposition.

Miss Almira I. Hobart was born in what is now known as South Milwaukee, but afterwards lived with her parents at Auroraville and Alma Centre, in Waushara and Jackson counties. Her early education was acquired in the common schools, and later in the Normal Schools and Ripon College, from which latter institution she gradu-

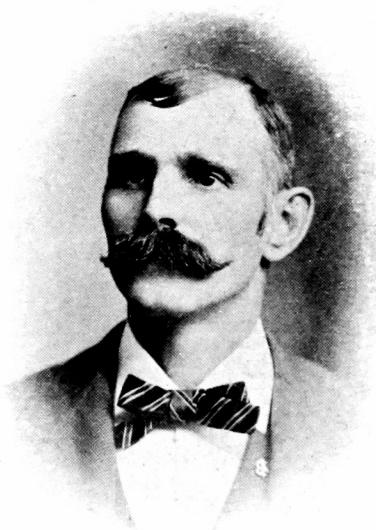
ated in 1874. Her first regular teaching was in the School for the Blind at Janesville, Wis., from 1874 to 1882. After a short interval at home she became a member of our teaching force in 1884, first as a manual, and finally as an oral teacher with such success that she was entrusted with the supervision of the oral work in the School. In the summer of 1891 she visited Europe, and on her return was granted a leave of absence until October 1st, to visit prominent oral schools in the East. With the exception of one year, when she returned to her work in the School for the Blind, she has remained here ever since.

From his birthplace on a farm in the town of Franklin, Vernon county, Wis., Prof W. F. Gray worked his way through the common and high school, and graduated in an advanced course from the State Normal School at Plat-

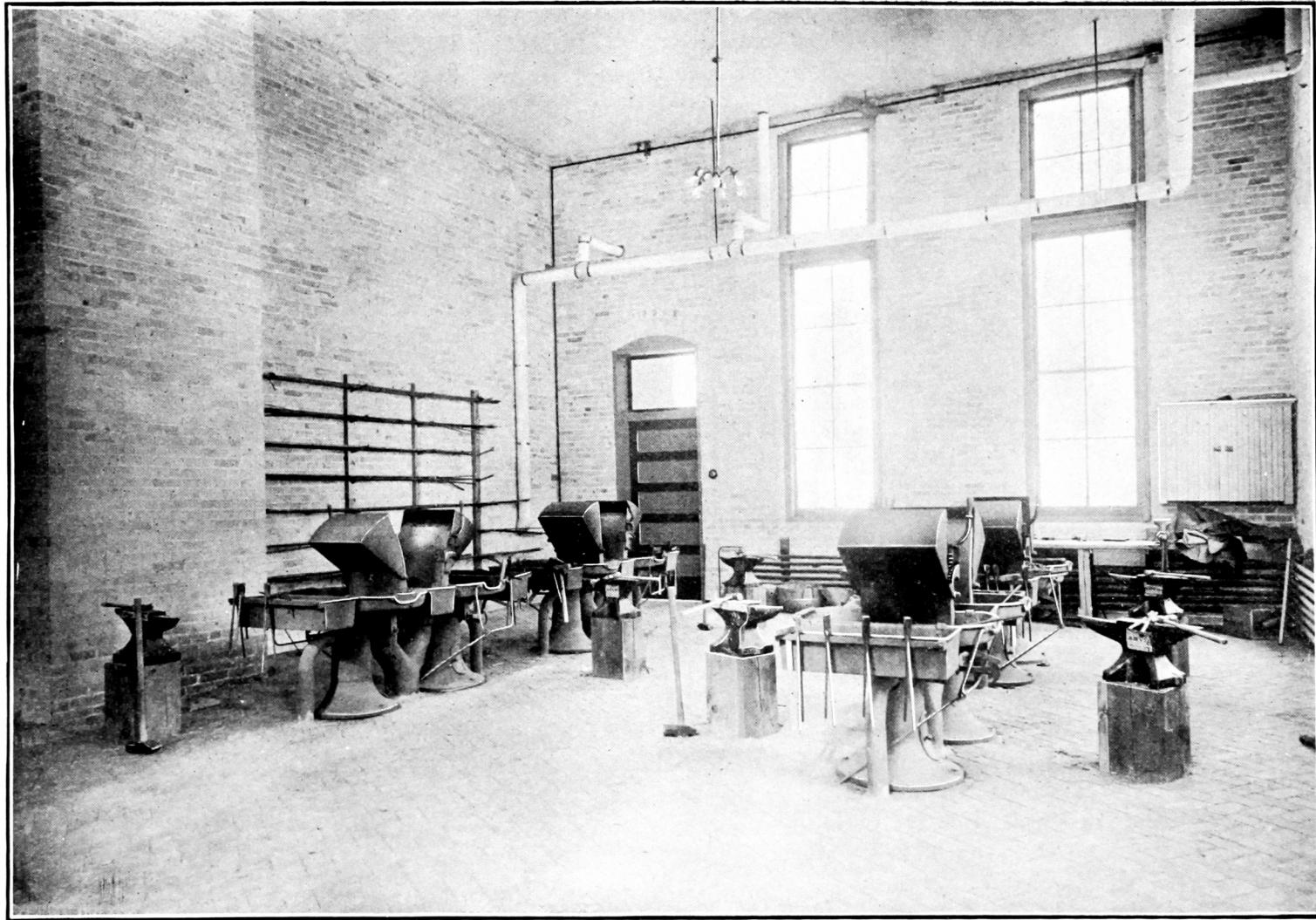


MISS ALMIRA I. HOBART, B. S.

ville in 1884, in the meantime teaching public school several terms. He was principal of Muscoda and Oregon High Schools for two terms each, and of the Sparta High School for one term. He entered upon his work here in 1887, teaching in the manual until 1898, when he was transferred to the oral department. Having always kept in close touch with the trend of education in the hearing world, Prof. Gray was elected president of the Walworth County Teachers' Association in 1899. In 1893, after attending the World's Fair, he made trip to Europe with his family.

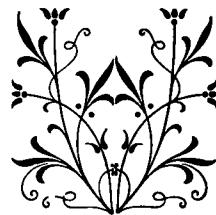


W. F. GRAY.



FORGE ROOM IN MANUAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT.

He believes in practical education, being himself skillful in the use of tools, and he has also added much to his knowledge of books, by extensive travel and observation, having visited most every place of importance in the United States.



**Wilmington School for the Deaf  
DELAWARE**

This Certifies that \_\_\_\_\_ having completed  
in a satisfactory manner, the course of study in this Institution and having borne a  
good character, is awarded this

**Diploma**

In Testimony of scholarship and moral worth, and cordially commended to the  
regard of all with whom \_\_\_\_\_ may be associated, as entitled to the Rights, Honors and  
Privileges which pertain to such accomplishments.

Done by order of the State Board of Control at Wilmington, this \_\_\_\_\_  
day of \_\_\_\_\_ A.D. 18 \_\_\_\_\_ and of American Independence the \_\_\_\_\_

PRESIDENT OF THE BOARD

SUPERINTENDENT



CLASS OF 1899.

Arthur Meehan.	Almon Bell.	O. T. Zentzis.	K. J. Olson.	D. Cameron.	Prof. W. Thomas	Joseph Mullen.
Katherine Peterson.	Ella Doyle.	Prof. J. S. Long.	Gertie Fleming.	Mary Stiles.	Robinson.	Irving.
Annie Northrop.		Miss A. I. Hobart.	Supt. J. W. Swiler.	Prof. W. A. Cochrane.	Nettie Hopkins.	Julia Carney.
		William Burmeister.	Enga Anderson.			

## *THE INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.*

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THE Industrial Department of the School is given the prominence it deserves.

The Manual Training School offers a four-year course for boys in knife-work, drafting, wood-carving, joinery, pattern-making, moulding, and forging; also a four-year course for girls in needle-work proper, sampler work, patching, embroidery, plain sewing, stitching and mending ; cutting, fitting and drafting in dress-making ; and a two-year course in plain and fancy cooking.

At present there are sixty-two boys under instruction in the various lines of work ; seventy-six girls in the needle-work department, and twenty-two taking cooking lessons. Quite a number of the older boys are taking this work in addition to their shop-duties.

The Principal of the Manual Training Department is E. J. Bending. He was born in Chicago in 1847. In 1849 his parents removed to Walworth county, Wis. After receiving a public school education, he lived in different parts of the West, returning to Chicago in 1860, where he engaged with his father in the contracting and building business for a number of years. Becoming interested in manual training, he at once fitted himself for a teacher in that line and was offered and accepted a position in the Florida State College, Lake City, Fla., where he remained six years, resigning on account of ill-health.

Mr. Bending has also had experience in railroad work, and as a commissioned officer of the Wisconsin State troops. He is not an advocate of trade-teaching in our schools, but of manual training in the broad sense of the cultured mind, the trained eye and the skilled hand. He believes in this wonderful age of iron and steel, of tools and machinery, and that it is necessary for every man and boy to know something about them.



PRINCIPAL E. J. BENDING.

The Department of Domestic Science is in charge of Mrs. Clara Wilcox Henderson, who has had considerable experience in such work. She received her education in the schools of Manitowoc and Chicago, afterwards taking an advanced course of study in Domestic Economy in the Lewis Institute, Chicago. She was born in New York and came to Delavan in 1885. She took charge of this department in 1898.

In the printing office fifteen boys and girls learn typesetting, and do other useful work pertaining to their trade. Besides getting out, weekly, the *Wisconsin Times*, they do a quantity of job work. In 1895 a "Children's Page" was begun in the *Times*, conducted by J. Schuyler Long.

Fred. C. Larsen is editor and instructor.

Mr. Larsen was born in the city of Racine, August 11, 1871, but moved to Neenah with his parents when a youth, where he was educated. He chose the printer's trade, and his first employment was with the *Daily News*; later he was connected with the *Kaukauna Sun*. He then entered the printing firm of King, Fowle & Co., of Milwaukee, and later held cases on the *Minneapolis Tribune*. Going to Chicago in 1892, he remained there for two years. He subsequently accepted the position of foreman on the *Lake Geneva News*, and in the fall of '95 was appointed to his present position. As a newspaper man, he is favorably and widely known. He is single.

Twenty-four boys work in the shoe-shop, turning out a large number of boots and shoes, and doing a great deal of repairing. The boots and shoes made find a ready sale.

The present instructor is John Beamsley, who has held the position since 1882. Mr. Beamsley was born in England, arriving in this country with his parents when he was only a year old. He has lived in Wisconsin for over fifty years, the greater part of which time he has been a resident of Lake Geneva and Delavan.

The cabinet shop furnishes employment to eighteen boys in cabinet-making and carpentry, besides the doing of extensive repairs in furniture, and about the buildings.



FRED. C. LARSEN.



MRS. C. W. HENDERSON.



A CLASS IN SEWING IN MANUAL TRAINING DEPARTMENT.

A. C. Bloodgood was the instructor until after the preparation of this Souvenir was well under way.

Mr. Bloodgood is a New York man. He was engaged for several years in teaching, but being mechanically inclined, began work at the carpenter's trade in Delavan twelve years ago. He is an architect of no

mean ability, having planned several buildings for Delavan. Mr. Bloodgood holds a State Teacher's Certificate, which he received from the State Normal School at Whitewater in 1887. Lately he has given considerable attention to Manual Training. Having been offered the position of chief instructor of manual training in the High School at Waukegan, Ill., he gave up his position here on August 1st, 1900.

Mr. D. E. Lee, a former instructor, was again appointed to fill the vacancy.

Instruction in baking has been given for a number of years, and while the number of pupils who have been able to avail themselves of such instruction has been exceedingly limited, still good results have been shown, and a profitable and useful industry has been maintained. George W. Kirk is in charge.

No doubt many readers of this Souvenir will naturally ask, "What are all those boys and girls doing who have left the School?" The School not only takes great satisfaction but pride in saying that, with very few exceptions, they are making excellent records in various lines of work. Among them are teachers, printers, artists, mechanics, tailors, dressmakers, milliners, farmers, barbers, shoemakers, gardeners, etc., and one architect, one assistant postmaster, one real estate man, one grocer, and one editor.

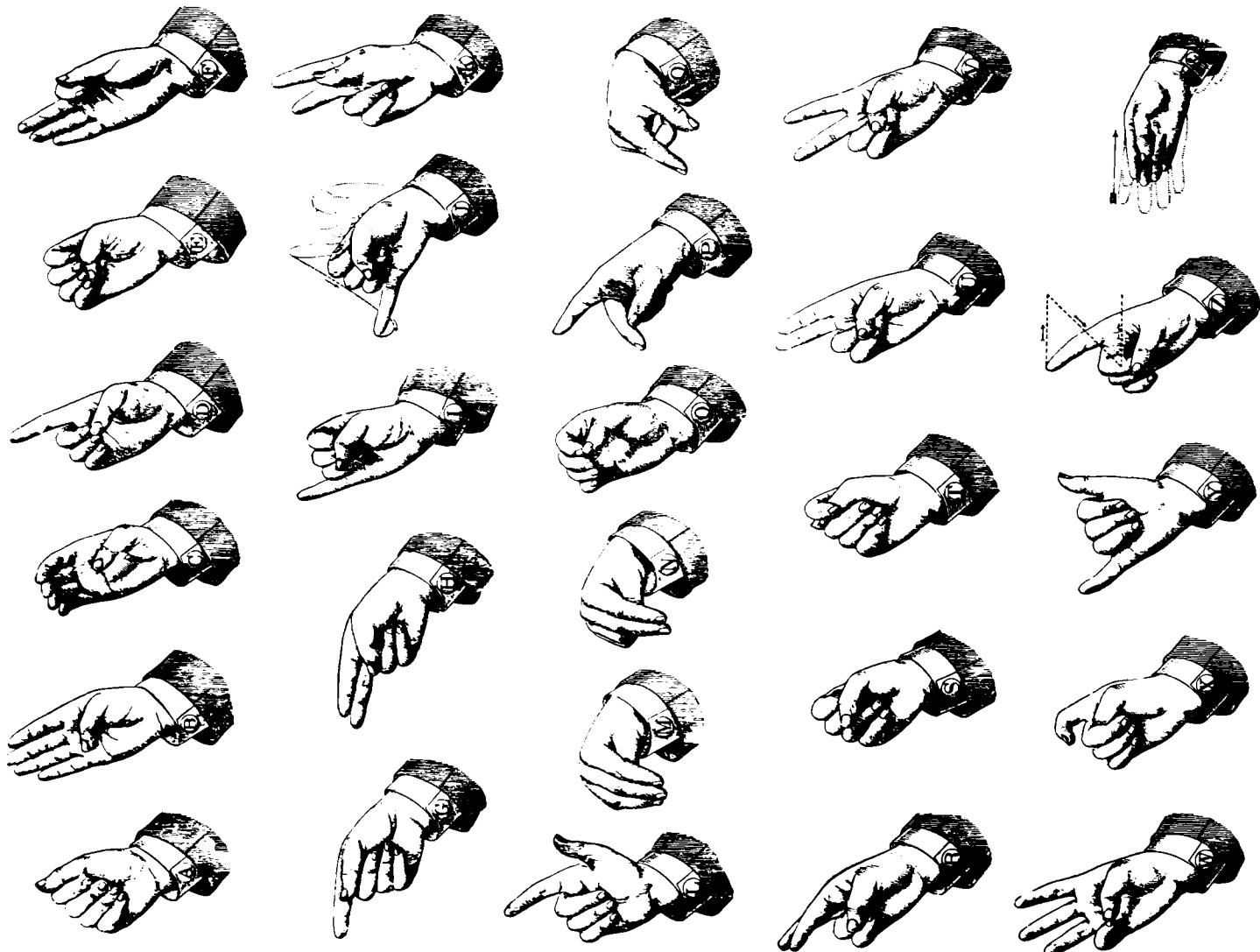


JOHN BEAMSLEY.



A. C. BLOODGOOD.

SINGLE-HAND ALPHABET.



## *ORGANIZATIONS IN THE SCHOOL.*

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THE Teachers' Association, which meets on the last Friday of each month, has held an important place in the School with but slight intermission for the last forty years.

\* \* \*

The Phœnix Literary Society is an organization among the boys of the advanced classes for the purpose of cultivating the art of debate, public speaking, essay writing, etc. It holds weekly meetings during the winter.

\* \* \*

The Ariadna Literary Society among the girls, corresponds to the Phœnix Society among the boys.

\* \* \*

The Phœnix Green Athletic Association has for its object the encouragement of the manly sports of football, baseball, tennis, gymnastics, and field and track athletics.

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## *SOCIETIES OF THE DEAF OUTSIDE OF THE SCHOOL.*

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The Wisconsin Association of the Deaf ; organized 1876.

\* \* \*

The La Crosse Association of the Deaf, of La Crosse ; organized 1893.

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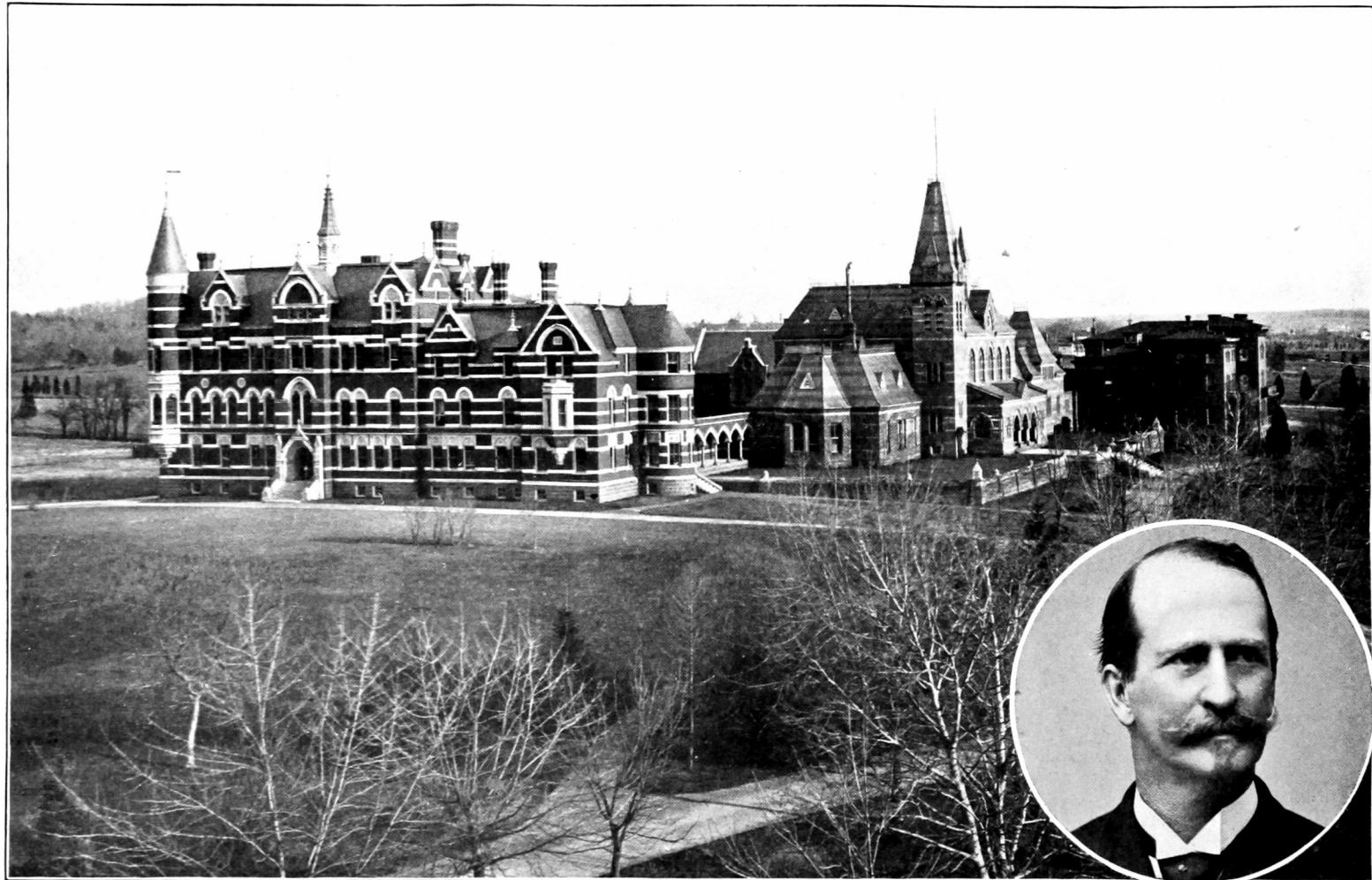
The Evangelical Lutheran Congregation of Deaf-Mutes of Milwaukee ; organized 1898.

\* \* \*

The Belle City Friendship Pleasure Club, of Racine ; organized 1900.

\* \* \*

The general object of the above Societies, is the furtherance of the interests of the deaf, and the betterment of their condition socially, morally and intellectually.



GALLAUDET COLLEGE.

PRES. E. M. GALLAUDET, PH. D., LL. D.

# GALLAUDET COLLEGE AND WISCONSIN GRADUATES

— AND —

## FORMER STUDENTS AND THOSE NOW IN COLLEGE.

AS so many have entered Gallaudet College from the Wisconsin School, it is no more than proper to give that institution a fitting place and mention in this Souvenir. Accordingly a photograph of the College and its honored President was procured, and is herewith presented to its readers.

Gallaudet College was founded in Washington, D. C., by E. M. Gallaudet, Ph. D., LL. D., son of Dr. Thomas Hopkins Gallaudet, the founder of the first permanent school for the deaf in America, at Hartford, Conn., in 1817. Since it was opened in 1864, six hundred students have enjoyed the privileges it offers in the way of higher education.

### GRADUATES, WITH THE YEAR OF THEIR GRADUATION.

#### BACHELOR OF ARTS.

Thomas A. Jones . . . . .	1872	Harry Reed . . . . .	1883
Frederick L. DeB. Reid . . . . .	1872	Warren Robinson . . . . .	1884
James C. Balis . . . . .	1875	Thomas Hagerty . . . . .	1890
J. J. Murphy . . . . .	1879	Benjamin Round . . . . .	1892
Lars M. Larson . . . . .	1882	Wallace Williams . . . . .	1895

#### MASTER OF ARTS.

Warren Robinson . . . . .	1887
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### NON-GRADUATES AND FORMER STUDENTS.

Myron J. Clark.	Philip S. Engelhardt.	John Donnell.	Alfred W. Gould.
* Anthony J. Kull.	Charles Reed.	* James Rutherford.	Eric L. Sampson.
Fred. W. Stickles.	Joseph Mosnat.	Herbert L. Johnson.	William Cusack.
Richard E. Dimick.	* James Conrad.	Francis Reynolds.	

### NOW IN COLLEGE.

Duncan Cameron.	Fred Neesam.
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\* Deceased.

Those graduates who have not already been briefly noticed, are: Thomas Jones, James C. Balis, Lars M. Larson, Harry Reed, Benjamin Round, Wallace Williams, and Fred. L. DeB. Reid.

Thomas Jones, B. A., is a native of Wisconsin, and was the first student from this State to graduate from the College. He is now living at Marinette, Wis.

James C. Balis, B. A., was born in Oriskany, N. Y., coming to Milwaukee, Wis., with his parents in 1857, enter-



JAMES C. BALIS, B. A.



THOMAS JONES, B. A.



LARS M. LARSON, B. A.

ing this School in 1869. After his graduation from Gallaudet College, he was the President's private secretary for two years, then an instructor in the Maryland School for Colored Deaf and Blind Children at Baltimore, and after that a private tutor in the same city. In 1880 he became a teacher in the Western Pennsylvania School for the Deaf, at Turtle Creek, remaining till 1890, when he removed to Belleville, Ontario, Canada, where he is now teaching in the School for the Deaf, located there. His wife is instructor of Art in the same school.

Lars M. Larson, B. A., comes from Jefferson, Vernon county, Wis. He graduated from Gallaudet in 1882,

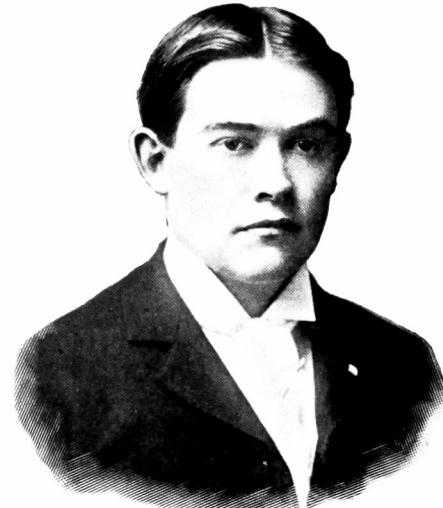
and taught for several years in the Chicago Day School. Mr. Larson is the founder of the "Wisconsin Association of the Deaf," and also of the School for the Deaf at Santa Fé, New Mexico, of which he has been the head for thirteen years. It was he who gave to the site of the School the name of "Phoenix Green." Among his latest projects for the benefit of his fellow deaf is a home for the aged and infirm deaf of Wisconsin. At the last re-union he introduced resolutions looking toward the commemoration of the semi-centennial of this School, and the Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the Association, at the next meeting in 1901.

Harry Reed, B. A., was admitted to this School from Menasha, Wis., and from here he went to Gallaudet College, graduating in 1883. He taught in this School for three years, and also for a time in the Kansas and Florida Schools. He was twice elected president of the Wisconsin Association of the Deaf. He is now in a printing office in Indianapolis, which trade he has generally followed when not engaged in any other business.

Wallace R. Williams, B. A., was born in the township of Burns, La Crosse county, Wis., and lost his hearing at six years of age. In spite of his deafness he received much of his early education in the hearing school of the district where he lived, but the provisions for more advanced work were so lacking that he secured admission to this School, graduating with the class of '90. After his graduation from Gallaudet College, most of his time was spent on his father's farm, until he received his present appointment as teacher in the State School for the Deaf at Baton Rouge, La., in 1900.



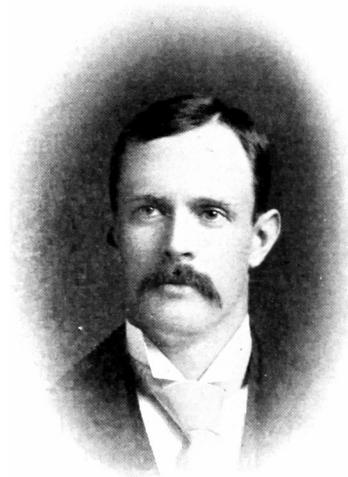
HARRY REED, B. A.



WALLACE R. WILLIAMS, B. A.

Benjamin F. Round, B. A., was born in Jeddo, Marquette county, Wis. He is editor and proprietor of the Akron (Iowa) *Register*.

Fred DeB. Reid, B. A., was born in England. He came to America when a boy. He was a pupil of the Wisconsin School for the Deaf. He was for many years a teacher in the Nebraska Institution at Omaha. He is now living on a ranch of his own out West somewhere. It is said he is a relative of the celebrated Whitelaw Reid. Not knowing his address, no photograph of him can be secured.



BENJAMIN F. ROUND, B. A.

\* *MEMBERS OF*  
*BOARDS OF TRUSTEES AND BOARDS OF CONTROL*  
*OF THE WISCONSIN SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.*

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*1852-1898.*

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H. Hunt.....	1852-58
Wyman Spooner.....	1852-53
F. K. Phoenix.....	1852-54
E. Cheesbro.....	1852-54
W. C. Allen.....	1852-62 and 1863-71
D. G. Williams.....	1852-54
J. A. Maxwell.....	1852-54
J. C. Mills.....	1852-56
Rev. P. W. Lake.....	1852-56
Salmon Thomas.....	1853-58 and 1862-71
O. W. Blanchard.....	1854-57
N. M. Harrington.....	1854-70
C. Betts.....	1854-65
J. D. Monell, Jr.....	1854-58
Harrison Reed.....	1856-58
Moses M. Strong.....	1856-58

Joseph Baker.....	1857-58
Willard Isham.....	1857-69 and 1875-76
E. P. Conrick.....	1858-61
Samuel Collins.....	1858-60
C. Miller.....	1858-61
Hollis Latham.....	1858-81--23 years.
Timothy Mower.....	1858-63
Martin Field.....	1858-62
C. D. Long.....	1860-72
A. H. Barnes.....	1861-73
Thomas M. Martin.....	1862-65
A. L. Chapin, D. D.....	1865-80
H. L. Blood.....	1865-76
J. B. Whiting.....	1869-71
W. D. Bacon.....	1869-71
James Aram.....	1872-75

\* This list is taken from the Report of the School for 1898 with a slight re-arrangement and some additions.

Edward D. Holton.....	1873-74 and 1878-81
John E. Thomas.....	1874-77
Joseph Hamilton.....	1875-78
S. Rees LaBar.....	1876-81
D. G. Cheever.....	1877-81
Albert Salisbury.....	1880-81
Charles Luling.....	1881-92
Charles D. Parker .....	1881-89 and 1891-95
George W. Burchard.....	1881-85
James Bintliff.....	1881-88
Lewis A. Proctor.....	1881-91
Nicholas Smith.....	1885-91
W. T. Parry.....	1888-91
W. C. Gilbert.....	1889-91

Wm. H. Graebner.....	1891-95
Clarence Snyder.....	1891-97
J. E. Jones.....	1891-95
J. L. Cleary.....	1891-95
J. W. Oliver.....	1891-95
Hans B. Warner.....	1895-96
Hon. Richard Guenther.....	1895-98
James E. Heg .....	1895-98
Lemuel Ellsworth.....	1895-97
Hon. Wm. Penn Lyon.....	1896
Hon. George W. Bishop.....	1897
Hon. E. R. Petherick.....	1897
Hon. N. B. Treat.....	1898
A. G. Nelson.....	1898



## *OFFICERS AND TEACHERS.*

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THE following persons have been resident officers of the School for the periods of time indicated by the double row of figures:

### **PRINCIPALS.**

J. R. Bradway.....	1852-53
Lucius Foote .....	1853-54
Horatio N. Hubbell.....	1854-54
Louis H. Jenkins.....	1854-56

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### **PRINCIPALS AND STEWARDS.**

J. Scott Officer.....	1856-65
W. H. Milligan.....	1865-68
Edward C. Stone.....	1868-71
George L. Weed .....	1871-75
Wm. H. DeMotte.....	1875-80

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### **SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.**

John W. Swiler.....	1880
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### **STEWARDS.**

A J. Woodbury .....	1875-78
R. A. Gates.....	1881-84

### **CLERKS.**

Sam. M. Parish.....	1860-70
A. J. Woodbury.....	1870-75
R. A. Gates.....	1878-81
Ed. D. Fiske.....	1884-92 and 1898
Charles M. Tallman.....	1892-95
Harry G. Hambright.....	1895-98

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### **MATRONS.**

Mrs. Adelia F. Jenkins.....	1853-56
Mrs. M. Marshall.....	1856-57
Orpha S. Taylor.....	1857-61
Mrs. L. Eddy.....	1861-62
Miss M. J. Adams.....	1862-69
Alice F. Cornell.....	1869-71
Mrs. Luthera J. Hill.....	1871-76
Mrs. W. H. Bishop.....	1876-77
Mrs. A. Broadrup.....	1877-80
Mrs. Julia A. Taylor.....	1880-84
Mrs. J. W. Swiler.....	1884-85
Sarah D. Gibson.....	1885-91 and 1895
Mrs. M. H. Schilling .....	1891-93
Mrs. S. M. Montgomery .....	1893-95

#### **ASSISTANT MATRONS.**

Mrs. J. A. Mills.....	1860-62 and 1863-66
Flora C. Virgil.....	1862-63
Mrs. Hattie O. Armstrong.....	1866-68
Miss M. J. Sturtevant.....	1868-70
Miss E. E. Boyce.....	1870-72
Ruth Sturtevant.....	1878-82
Alice E. Turley.....	1882-83
Adaline Briggs.....	1883-84
Sarah D. Gibson.....	1884-85
Anne M. Gray.....	1885-87
Mrs. Ellen McLean.....	1887-90
Tillie Cannon.....	1891

#### **ENGINEERS.**

D. T. Gifford.....	1870-77
John Ronk.....	1877-83
Pearce Martin.....	1892-96
W. M. Stillman.....	1883-92 and 1896

#### **PHYSICIANS.**

H. Hunt.....	1852-54
O. W. Blanchard.....	1854-57
Cyrus Sayles.....	1857-58
George H. Briggs.....	1858-62 and 1863-67
J. B. Hemingway.....	{ 1862-63 and 1868-70 1876-78 and 1882-96

H. W. Milligan.....	1867-68
D. B. Devendorf.....	1870-76
H. D. Bullard.....	1878-82
C. C. Blanchard.....	1896

#### **TEACHERS.**

John A. Mills.....	1852-55
Hiram Phillips.....	1854-78 and 1881-82
Zachariah McCoy.....	1855-83
John A. McWhorter.....	1856-70
Lucius Eddy.....	1859-68 and 1870-74
W. A. Cochrane.....	1867-71, 1875-92, 1895
Geo. F. Schilling.....	1868-83
Ezra G. Valentine.....	1869-73
Miss J. Northrop.....	1870-71
C. L. Williams.....	1871-77
Mary Johnson.....	1871-74
Philip S. Engelhardt.....	1872-73
Mary E. Smith.....	1873-83
Thomas Clithero.....	1874-75
Imogene Tilden.....	1876-78
Isabelle Kimball.....	1877-78 and 1881-82
Rosetta Ritsher.....	1878-83 and 1884-86
W. J. Fuller.....	1878-83
Mary Hunter.....	1879-92
Kate DeMotte.....	1879-81
Helen E. Briggs.....	1882-84
Alice E. Turley.....	1883-84

Miss A. I. Farrant .....	1883-87
James L. Smith .....	1883-84
Edward E. Clippinger.....	1883-85 and 1892-95
Harry Reed.....	1883-86
Mary E. Griffin.....	1884-85
Alice Christie.....	1885-88
B. T. Bensted.....	1885-92
Annie M. Gray.....	1887-91
Mary H. Schilling.....	1888-89
Emily Eddy.....	1857-94
Eleanor McCoy.....	1874-95
Almira I. Hobart.....	1884-85 and 1886
Elsie M. Steinke.....	1887-94 and 1895
Warren Robinson.....	1884
J. J. Murphy.....	1884-90 and 1892
E. G. Bright-Phoenix.....	1884-91 and 1892
W. F. Gray.....	1887
Iva C. Pearce.....	1888
Thomas Hagerty.....	1891
Agnes Steinke.....	1891-97 and 1898
J. Schuyler Long.....	1889
Myrtle M. Long.....	1898
Florence Parry.....	1896-98
Mary D. Fonner.....	1896
Margaret J. Stevenson.....	1894-98
Clara J. Maklem.....	1894-96
Seth W. Gregory.....	1894
Cornelia S. Goode.....	1899
Mary E. Williams, Normal Student.	1900

#### BOYS' SUPERVISORS.

Howard Hamilton.....	1876-76
Harry Sturtevant.....	1876-77
R. A. Gates.....	1877-78
Theodore Pearce.....	1878-79
Edgar D. Fiske.....	1879-84
B. S. O'Neal.....	1884-88
W. D. Eckerson.....	1888-88
William Blanchard.....	1888-91
Thomas Hagerty.....	1891-91
Clarence Wright.....	1891-92
George Rogers.....	1892-92
J. E. Wachute.....	1891

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#### INSTRUCTORS OF BOYS IN GYMNASTICS.

Warren Robinson.....	1885-89
J. Schuyler Long.....	1889-93
Thomas Hagerty.....	1893

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#### INSTRUCTORS OF GIRLS IN GYMNASTICS.

Elizabeth Bright-Phoenix.....	1885-91
Mrs. E. F. Long.....	1891-93 and
Ruth Swiler.....	1894-96
Julia I. Carney.....	1899

#### **INSTRUCTORS IN ART.**

Clara E. Waite.....	1883-84
Mary Jameson.....	1884-87
Eva L. Cutter.....	1887-92
Jene Bowman.....	1892-93
Lillian Sorrensen.....	1893
Stella Fiske (temporary).....	1900

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#### **INSTRUCTORS IN MANUAL TRAINING.**

E. J. Bending (boys).....	1896
A. F. Struckmeyer (girls).....	1896-98
Mrs. C. Henderson (girls).....	1898

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#### **INSTRUCTORS IN PRINTING.**

Miss N. E. Derby.....	1880-82
Charles Lemmers.....	1882-83
Fred. W. Stickles.....	1883-84
Charles E. Badger.....	1884-91

Wm. T. Passage.....	1891-95
Fred. C. Larsen.....	1895

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#### **INSTRUCTORS IN CABINET-MAKING AND CARPENTRY.**

Emanuel Young.....	1860-81
E. D. Blanchard.....	1881-86
Frank Cowles.....	1886-88
David E. Lee.....	1888-92
Hollis Stone.....	1892-96
Arthur C. Bloodgood.....	1896-1900
David E. Lee.....	1900

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#### **INSTRUCTORS IN SHOEMAKING.**

Thomas K. Middleton.....	1866-69
Charles H. Rideout.....	1869-77
R. S. Miner.....	1877-82
John Beamsley.....	1882



